

Life Cycle Inventories of Rail Transport Services

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Abbreviations

 $\begin{array}{ll} a & year \, (annum) \\ AC & alternating \, current \\ CH & Switzerland \\ CH_4 & methane \end{array}$

CO carbon monoxide CO₂ carbon dioxide

DB German Railways (Deutsche Bahn)

DC direct current

FS Italian Railways (Ferrovie dello Stato)

GKB Austria Railways (Graz-Köflacher Bahn und Busbetrieb)

GLO global average Gt gross ton

Gtkm gross ton kilometre ICE Intercity-Express train

KBOB Koordinationskonferenz der Bau- und Liegenschaftsorgane der öffentlichen Bauherren

KEV compensatory feed-in

kg kilogram km kilometre kWh kilowatt-hour

LCA life cycle assessment

LCI life cycle inventory analysis

Mio million

NMHC non-methane hydrocarbons

 $\begin{array}{ll} NMVOC & non-methane\ volatile\ organic\ compounds \\ N_2O & nitrous\ oxide\ /\ dinitrogen\ monoxide \end{array}$

NO_x nitrogen oxides

pkm passenger kilometre (transport unit)

PM particulate matter (index gives size range in μm)

RER Europe

RFF French Railways (Réseau ferré de France)

SBB Swiss Federal Railways (Schweizerische Bundesbahnen)

SO₂ sulphur dioxide

t ton

TGV highspeed train (train à grande vitesse)

tkm ton kilometre (transport unit)
UIC International Union of Railways
vkm vehicle kilometre (transport unit)

ZVV Swiss metropolitan railway operator (Zürcher Verkehrsverbund)

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1. Introduction and Overview

1 Introduction and Overview

Within the project "Update of mobitool LCA data" life cycle inventory (LCI) data on transport processes of the KBOB life cycle inventory (LCI) data v2.2:2016 (based on ecoinvent data v2.2) were updated and life cycle inventory data on further transport modes and vehicles were compiled. In this report the update and extension of the life cycle inventory data of rail transport services are described and presented.

On one hand the existing data on passenger and good transport services in Switzerland and neighbour countries are updated with current data on fuel consumption, emission factors, transport performance, vehicle travel distances and load factors. The rail transport activities are further distinguished between electricity only and diesel operated trains. Furthermore the structure of the existing datasets in KBOB LCI data v2.2:2016 was aligned with the structure of ecoinvent data v3.1 (no differentiation of operation anymore). Data describing the manufacturing and maintenance of the trains, locomotives and wagons and construction of the rail track infrastructure are not updated.

2 Goal and Scope

2.1 Functional Unit

For freight transport services the functional unit is 1 ton kilometre (tkm). This corresponds to the transport of 1 ton of goods over a distance of 1 kilometre.

For passenger transport services the functional unit is 1 passenger kilometre (pkm). This corresponds to the transport of 1 person over a distance of 1 kilometre.

2.2 Definition of regional and long distance passenger traffic

Switzerland differentiates between regional and long-distance transport services. The long-distance transport service covers the passenger transportation offered within the long distance concession. It is not ordered nor funded by the Swiss Confederation. The regional train transport service covers passenger transportation which are not part of the long distance concession. The regional train transport service is ordered and paid by the Swiss Confederation and the cantons.

The definition of long distance and regional transportation varies between countries as the factual distinction between the two is up to the individual railway companies. UIC simply prescribes the naming of the categories (suburban and regional passenger traffic, mainline and intercity passenger traffic, and high-speed passenger traffic).

2.3 System Boundaries

The processes of rail transport services cover the following activities:

- Rail equipment manufacturing and end of life treatment

1

- Rail infrastructure construction and operation
- Rail operation, including exhaust and non-exhaust emissions of transport and shunting activities
- Fuel and electricity supply

2.4 Data Sources and Quality

Current data of transport performance, energy consumption, load factor as well as emission factors are provided by the national rail operator SBB and DB (SBB 2014, DB 2014), the regional operator ZVV (ZVV 2014) and international statistic (UIC 2012). For the train transport in Switzerland performance data of the SBB are used. The approximation of the Swiss train transport with performance data of the SBB is considered representative for the present study even though there are other operators in Switzerland. The processes are linked to background data of the KBOB LCI data v2.2:2016 (KBOB et al. 2016).

3 Rail Transport in Switzerland

3.1 Key Figures

For Switzerland data from the SBB are considered representative for the national rail transport services. In Tab. 3.1 the key figures of passenger and freight transport are summarized.

Tab. 3.1 The traction performance of the different rail transport activities on the rail network of SBB (Data of the SBB corporate statistics (internal Access database), personal communication: Fabian Scherer, SBB, 20. October 2015)

Indicator	Unit	Value
Traction performance all trains (passenger and goods transportation)	Mio. Gtkm	72'126
Traction performance goods transportation	Mio. Gtkm	26'158
Traction performance regional trains	Mio. Gtkm	15'932
Traction performance long distance trains	Mio. Gtkm	30'037

The metropolitan transport (S-Bahn) is part of the regional transport. However in this report metropolitan transport is also presented separately. ZVV is one of the biggest metropolitan transport operators and is considered to be representative for metropolitan transport in Switzerland. The traction performance of metropolitan transport (Gtkm) is therefore calculated based on the information of ZVV (2014). The kilometric performance is multiplied by the average weight of the metropolitan train (Tab. 3.2).

Indicator Unit Value Metropolitan train kilometric performance Mio. vkm 22 Transport performance Mio. pkm/a 2179 Weight of a train¹⁾ 225 Operating performance metropolitan trains 2) Mio. Gtkm/a 4'950 Supplied seats metropolitan trains¹⁾ seats/train Average load factor 2) % 26

Tab. 3.2 Key figures of the metropolitan train transport of ZVV (ZVV 2014)

3.2 Traction Energy

In Switzerland almost all trains (passenger and goods) are operated by electricity. No separate data for diesel traction are available and therefore the simplifying assumption is made that all trains in Switzerland are operated by electricity even though a few trips are operated by diesel traction. The diesel use of these single trips is accounted to the shunting processes. Tab. 3.3 presents the specific electricity consumption provided by SBB¹ including a loss of 5.033 % due to the electricity transformation from medium voltage to the voltage level used by the locomotives and the transmission on the overhead powerline.

Tab. 3.3 Electricity consumption of passenger and goods transportation of SBB including an electricity loss of $5.033 \, \%^{-1}$

Indicator for Switzerland	Unit	Goods	Long distance	Regional
Energy consumption	GWh/a	437	787	519
Transport performance ¹⁾	Mio tkm/a resp. Mio pkm/a	8'615	12'872	3'984
Specific electricity consumption (incl. losses)	kWh/tkm resp. kWh/pkm	0.053	0.064	0.127

¹⁾ Transport performance only of the SBB, SBB Cargo und Cargo International in Switzerland

For metropolitan trains an average energy consumption of 33.5Wh/gtkm is published in Tuchschmid 2009). By multiplying the average energy consumption with the average weight of the train and dividing it by the number of people in the train an average energy consumption of 0.0782 kWh/pkm results inclusive the loss of 5.033%.

Data on diesel traction with and without particle filter for goods transportation were compiled even though no diesel traction is used in Switzerland. The diesel consumption is assumed to be similar to the consumption of goods transportation in Austria (10 g per

¹⁾ Energiedatenbank Traktion-Schlussbericht (M. Tuchschmid, 2009)

²⁾ own calculation

Data of the SBB corporate statistics (internal Access database), personal communication, Fabian Scherer, SBB, 20. October 2015

tkm, see Chapter 4). The emissions of the diesel burned in locomotives with and without particle filter is discussed in detail in Section 3.4.2.

3.3 Airborne, Soil and Water Emissions

3.3.1 Abrasion emissions

A comprehensive study regarding the abrasion emissions of rail transport was conducted by Adolph (2016). Tab. 3.4 presents the yearly abrasion emissions to the different compartments (soil, water, air). These emissions correspond to a worst case scenario as for all emission sources the highest values have been used for the calculation.² For the air emissions the share of PM emission on the total abrasion was calculated and multiplied by the emission factors of the different substances. For the emissions into water it is assumed that 30% of the rail network has a drainage system therefore only 70% of the emissions are assumed to be emitted into the water. With these data and the yearly transport performance on the SBB network in 2014³ the abrasion per pkm or tkm was calculated (Tab. 3.5).

Emissions of lubricants due to traction are not accounted for, since measures are in operation to avoid such emissions.

Data of the internal database ANABEL, personal communication, Gunter Adolph, SBB, 30. June 2016

Data of the SBB corporate statistics (internal Access database), personal communication, Stefan Weigel, SBB, 23. June 2016: Transport performances of other operators than SBB are also included.

Tab. 3.4 Total abrasion emission of passenger and freight transport on the rail network of SBB in 2014 (Adolph & Schmid 2016)⁴

	Long-distance	Regional	
	passenger transport	passenger transport	Freight transport
	[kg/a]	[kg/a]	[kg/a]
Particle Emissions into air			
Iron	442.73	170.10	324.97
Copper	12.32	11.45	3.58
Zinc	2.31	2.97	0.35
Chromium	0.78	0.28	0.57
Mangan	1.73	0.59	1.40
Lead	0.09	0.11	0.06
Antimony	2.21	0.74	0.18
Emissions into soil			
Iron	84.38	140.98	115.35
Copper	2.35	9.49	1.27
Zinc	0.44	2.46	0.13
Chromium	0.15	0.23	0.20
Mangan	0.33	0.49	0.50
Lead	0.02	0.09	0.02
Antimony	0.42	0.61	0.06
Hydrocarbon	46.75	30.73	37.79
PAH	92.06	94.47	91.21
Emissions into water			
Copper	0.36	0.36	0.36
Zinc	3.43	3.43	3.43

⁴ Data of the internal database ANABEL, personal communication, Gunter Adolph, SBB, 30. June 2016

Tab. 3.5 Total transport performance in 2014 on the rail network of SBB in 2014⁵

Transport performance		
Freight	11'883'825'578	tkm/a
Regional train	5'196'313'239	pkm/a
Long- distance train	12'442'797'635	pkm/a
Metropolitan ¹⁾	2'179'000'000	pkm/a
Gross tonkilometric performance		
Freight	26'157'869'920	btkm/a
Regional train	15'931'696'841	btkm/a
Long- distance train	30'036'917'406	btkm/a
Metropolitan ¹⁾	4'950'000'000	btkm/a

¹⁾see Tab. 3.2 metropolitan train transport

The metropolitan transport performed in 2014 was 11 % of the total Gtkm at the SBB net. Therefore 11 % of the abrasion emission has been allocated to metropolitan trains.

3.3.2 Refrigerants

Most regional and long distance trains operated in Switzerland are air-conditioned. The air conditioning equipment use refrigerants, which are classified as greenhouse gases. According to the National Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report of Switzerland 2015 (BAFU 2015) and personal communication⁶ the loss of refrigerants over the life time of a train is about 23.7 kg. Tab. 3.6 presents the refrigerant emissions per pkm covered by regional, long distance and metropolitan passenger trains. The yearly kilometric performance of the single trains is provided for representative train types of the regional, long-distance and metropolitan transport. The average number of passengers in the regional and long-distance trains was calculated using the number of available seats and the load factors provided by the SBB (SBB 2014). For metropolitan transport the average number of people in the train was calculated using the transport performance (pkm) and kilometric performance (vkm) provided by ZVV (ZVV 2014).

Data of the SBB corporate statistics (internal Access database), personal communication, Stefan Weigel, SBB, 23. June 2016: Transport performances of other operators than SBB are also included

⁶ Personal communication Cornelia Stettler, Carbotech, 23. February 2016

Personal communication Matthias Tuchschmid, SBB, 26, November 2015

Tab. 3.6 Figures for the calculation of the refrigerant emissions of different train transportation per pkm (own calculations based on BAFU 2015)

		Regional	Long distance	Metropolitan
Loss of refrigerants over the life time of a train	kg	23.7	23.7	23.7
Average number of passenger	р	66	193	99
Average yearly kilometric performance of a single train ²⁾	vkm	166'023	11'139'800	152'935
Life span ³⁾	a	40	40	40
Specific refrigerant emission	kg/pkm	5.4E-08	1.1E-08	3.9E-08

¹⁾ National Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report of Switzerland 2015 (BAFU 2015) and personal communication, Cornelia Stettler, Carbotech, 23. February 2016

3.3.3 Noise

Noise emissions were accounted for as recommended by Frischknecht and Büsser (Frischknecht & Büsser Knöpfel 2013) in paragraph 15.1.5 (page 201).

3.4 Diesel Consumption and Emissions of Shunting Processes

3.4.1 Diesel Consumption for Shunting Processes

It is assumed that the diesel consumption for traction of the SBB in 2014 is used for shunting processes of good and passenger transport as well as for the maintenance of infrastructure. 3.4 % of shunting processes can be allocated to passenger transportation and 67 % can be allocated to goods transportation (including the shunting and single trips of diesel traction). The remaining share (29.6 %) is used for construction and maintenance of infrastructure and has to be added to the maintenance and operation processes of the rail track.

The diesel consumption for shunting processes, single trips of diesel traction and maintenance of the infrastructure was 10'406'000 litre in 2014. According to the information of the SBB the diesel consumption for shunting processes of goods transports is 0.66 g/tkm and for passenger transports 0.03 g/pkm (regional), 0.02 g/pkm (metropolitan) and 0.01 g/pkm (long distance).

3.4.2 Emission to the Air

 CO_2 and SO_2 -emissions are determined based on the carbon and sulphur content of the diesel fuel.

The sulphur content of diesel used for shunting is assumed to be 0.001 mass-% (10 ppm, in line with the sulphur content of diesel used in road transportation) resulting

²⁾ personal communication, Matthias Tuchschmid, SBB, 21. June 2016

³⁾ ecoinvent report 14

Data of the SBB corporate statistics (internal Access database), personal communication Fabian Scherer, SBB, 14. January 2016

in an emission factor of $0.02~g~SO_2/kg$. The emission factor of CO_2 is 3.1375~kg/kg diesel.

For the emission of heavy metals and other substances published data of the EM/EEA Emission inventory guidebook 2013 for train and road transport are used. Emission factors of CO, NO_X , CH_4 , NMHC, N_2O , PM and benzene are based on information for rail vehicles with and without particle filter from the non-road database (Notter & Schmied 2015).

The specific emission factors of rail vehicles with and without particle filter are presented in Tab. 3.7.

Tab. 3.7 Emission factors of diesel used in diesel locomotives in Switzerland (Notter & Schmied 2015)

	I	1		SBB
		Mith particle	Mhitaut partiala	Ī
Emission		With particle filter	filter	(97.7% with particle filter)
Emission	a/ka			,
Benzene	g/kg	6.9E-03	7.1E-03	6.9E-03
Methane, fossil	g/kg	5.5E-02	5.7E-02	5.5E-02
Carbon monoxide, fossil	g/kg	2.5E+01	2.6E+01	2.5E+01
Carbon dioxide, fossil	g/kg	3.2E+03	3.2E+03	3.2E+03
Dinitrogen monoxide	g/kg	1.5E-01	1.6E-01	1.5E-01
Ammonia	g/kg	1.0E-02	1.0E-02	1.0E-02
NMVOC, non-methane volatile organic		4.2E+00	4.3E+00	4.2E+00
Ethane	g/kg	1.5E-03	1.6E-03	1.5E-03
Propane	g/kg	5.1E-03	5.3E-03	5.1E-03
Butane	g/kg	7.7E-03	7.9E-03	7.7E-03
Pentane	g/kg	3.1E-03	3.2E-03	3.1E-03
Heptane	g/kg	1.5E-02	1.6E-02	1.5E-02
Toluene	g/kg	5.1E-04	5.3E-04	5.1E-04
m-Xylene	g/kg	5.0E-02	5.2E-02	5.0E-02
o-Xylene	g/kg	2.0E-02	2.1E-02	2.0E-02
Formaldehyde	g/kg	4.3E-01	4.4E-01	4.3E-01
Acetaldehyde	g/kg	2.3E-01	2.4E-01	2.3E-01
Benzaldehyde	g/kg	7.0E-02	7.2E-02	7.0E-02
Acrolein	g/kg	9.0E-02	9.3E-02	9.0E-02
Styrene	g/kg	2.9E-02	2.9E-02	2.9E-02
Nitrogen oxides	g/kg	4.5E+01	4.6E+01	4.5E+01
PM	g/kg	1.8E-01	1.9E+00	2.2E-01
Particulates, > 10 um	g/kg	7.1E-03	7.3E-02	8.5E-03
Particulates, > 2.5 um, and < 10um	g/kg	6.9E-03	7.1E-02	8.3E-03
Particulates, < 2.5 um	g/kg	1.7E-01	1.7E+00	2.0E-01
Sulfur dioxide	g/kg	2.0E-02	2.0E-02	2.0E-02
Benzo(a)pyrene	g/kg	3.0E-05	3.0E-05	3.0E-05
PAH, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	g/kg	3.3E-03	3.3E-03	3.3E-03
Arsenic	g/kg	1.0E-07	1.0E-07	1.0E-07
Selenium	g/kg	1.0E-05	1.0E-05	1.0E-05
Zinc	g/kg	1.0E-03	1.0E-03	1.0E-03
Copper	g/kg	1.7E-03	1.7E-03	1.7E-03
Nickel	g/kg	7.0E-05	7.0E-05	7.0E-05
Chromium	g/kg	5.0E-05	5.0E-05	5.0E-05
Chromium VI	g/kg	1.0E-07	1.0E-07	1.0E-07
Mercury	g/kg	5.3E-06	5.3E-06	
Cadmium	g/kg	1.0E-05	1.0E-05	1.0E-05
Lead	g/kg	5.2E-05	5.2E-05	5.2E-05

The distribution of the particle size of PM emissions with and without particle filter is presented in Tab. 3.8.

Tab. 3.8 Particle size distributions (based on Spielmann et al. 2007) and exhaust emission factors [g/kg] (based on Notter & Schmied 2015) for diesel locomotives

Vehicle Category Emission factors for d					rs for differe	nt size classes
				Fine Particles	Coarse	Large
		Fraction of	Fraction of	(< 2.5)	Particles	Particles (>10)
	PM10	PM10 with	TSP with		(2.5-10)	
	emission	a diameter	diameter			
	factor	< 2.5	< 10			
	[g/kg]	%	%	[g/kg]	[g/kg]	[g/kg]
Diesel locomotive without particle filter	1.879	92.3	96.2	1.735	0.073	0.071
Diesel locomotive with particle filter	0.182	92.3	96.2	0.168	0.007	0.007
Diesel locomotive SBB	0.227	92.3	96.2	0.209	0.009	0.009

3.5 Demand of Rail Transport Equipment

3.5.1 Goods Transport

The demand of locomotive and waggon per tkm is determined with data from the SBB (see Tab. 3.9). The number of goods transport locomotives (323) is divided by 40 times the total yearly goods transport performance (tkm) in 2014 (assuming a constant goods transport performance during the lifetime of the equipment). For the manufacturing of the locomotives and wagons existing processes from the KBOB LCI data v2.2:2016 are used (KBOB et al. 2016).

Tab. 3.9 Demand of locomotive and wagon per tkm

Number of locomotives SBB ¹⁾	unit	327
Life time ²⁾	а	40
Good transport performance of SBB in (2014) ²⁾	tkm	1.45E+10
Share of locomotive per performed tkm	unit/tkm	5.65E-10
Number of wagon SBB ³⁾	unit	20'071
Life time ²⁾	a	40
Good transport performance in Switzerland 4)	tkm	1.23E+10
Share of wagon per performed tkm	unit/tkm	4.08E-08

¹⁾ Zahlen und Fakten, SBB, 2014

For the maintenance of the locomotives and wagons the existing processes of the KBOB LCI data v2.2:2016 are used. The process of the maintenance covers the maintenance of the whole life time of the locomotives and wagons. Therefore the demand of maintenances per tkm is equal to the demand of the locomotive and wagon per tkm.

²⁾ ecoinvent report 14

³⁾ estimation calculated by Stefan Weigel, SBB, 27.6.2016

⁴⁾ BFF 2016, Tab. 11.5.1.2., provided by Stefan Weigel, SBB, 5.7.2016

3.5.2 Passenger Transport

The demand of a passenger train per pkm was calculated based on data of the SBB (2014) and ZVV (2014) assuming a constant transport performance over the 40 years lifetime. (see Tab. 3.10). The yearly distance covered by an average long-distance, metropolitan or regional train was multiplied by the average life span of the train (40 years) and the average number of people in the train to get the life time transport performance (expressed in pkm) of the train.

For the production process of the different trains (long distance and regional train) the existing processes in the KBOB LCI database v2.2:2016 were taken. For the metropolitan train a regional train is used.

As the weight of the different trains have changed compared to the existing processes in the KBOB LCI data v2.2:2016 the demand of train has been scaled based on the old and new weight (Tab. 3.10) (KBOB et al. 2016).

Tab. 3.10 Demand of passenger train per pkm

		Regional	Metropolitan	Long distance
Traction performance passenger trains 1)	Mio. Gtkm	15932	4950	30037
Transport performance passenger trains 1)	Mio. pkm	5196	2179	12443
Ratio gross tonne/carried person ²⁾	Gt/p	3.07	2.27	2.41
Average number of seats in the train ³⁾	#	292	378	626
Average load ³⁾	%	23	26	31
Average people in the train ²⁾	#	67	99	193
Calculated Weight of a train 2)	t	205	225	467
Weight of the train in ecoinvent 2.2	t	171	220	317
Yearly performance of a single passenger train ⁴⁾	vkm/a	166'023	11'139'800	152'935
Share of train per performed pkm ²⁾	unit/pkm	2.70E-09	1.20E-09	6.84E-10

¹⁾ Data of the SBB corporate statistics (internal Access database), traction and transport performance on the rail network of SBB (including other operators) in 2014, Fabian Scherer, SBB, 20.10.2015 and Stefan Weigel, SBB, 23.6.2016

The process of the maintenance in the KBOB LCI database v2.2:2016 covers the maintenance of the whole life time of the trains and has the unit "one amount". Therefore the same input as for the train demands is used for the maintenance.

For the average passenger train transport in Switzerland a mix of 73 % long distance and 27 % regional train transport was calculated based on the transport performance of the SBB in 2014 (SBB 2014).

Tab. 3.11 Transport performance of regional and long distance trains of the SBB (SBB 2014)

Transport performance regional trains	Mio pkm/a	4861
Transport performance long distance trains	Mio pkm/a	12872

²⁾ calculated

³⁾ Zahlen und Fakten 2014, SBB

⁴⁾ personal communication, Matthias Tuchschmid, SBB, 21.6. 2016

3.5.3 Rail Track

Both passenger and goods train use the same rail track. With the total transport performance of passenger and good transportation⁹ and the ratio Gtmk/tkm and Gtkm/pkm the specific rail track demand for passenger and goods transport was determined.

According to information of the SBB the total network length is 3'027 km including single and double track. The length of double track is 1'743 km (double track) plus the single track divided by two (642 km). This results in a total double track length of 2385 km. The yearly demand of rail track construction of the different railway transport services is summarized in Tab. 3.12.

The existing construction process dataset of the rail track in the KBOB LCI data v2.2:2016 has been used to model the rail track construction (KBOB et al. 2016).

Tab. 3.12 Specific demand of rail track per pkm and tkm

Total transport performance on SBB rail network 1)	Gtkm	7.21E+10
Length rail network SBB (calculated double track)	km	2385
Rail track per total transport performance	km/Gtkm	3.31E-08
Ratio gross tonne/carried goods	Gtkm/tkm	2.24
Ratio gross tonne/carried person regional train	Gtkm/pkm	3.07
Ratio gross tonne/carried person metropolitan train	Gtkm/pkm	2.27
Ratio gross tonne/carried person long distance train	Gtkm/pkm	2.41
Specific rail track demand per tkm	m*a/tkm	7.41E-05
Specific rail track demand per pkm regional train	m*a/pkm	1.01E-04
Specific rail track demand per pkm metropolitan train	m*a/pkm	7.51E-05
Specific rail track demand per pkm long distance train	m*a/pkm	7.98E-05

¹⁾ Data of the SBB corporate statistics (internal Access database): traction performance on the rail network of SBB (including other operators) in 2014, Fabian Scherer, SBB, 20.10.2015

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⁹ Including transport performances of other operators at the SBB network

3.6 Life Cycle Inventories

Tab. 3.13 Life cycle inventory data of freight rail transport in Switzerland

	Name	Location	Infrastructure Process	Unit	transport, freight, rail, electricity with shunting	transport, freight, rail, diesel, with particle filter	transport, freight, rail, electricity without shunting	transport, freight, rail, diesel, without particle filter	UncertaintyType	StandardDeviation95%	GeneralComment
	Location				СН	СН	СН	СН			
	InfrastructureProcess Unit				0 tkm	0 tkm	0 tkm	0 tkm			
product product	transport, freight, rail, electricity with shunting transport, freight, rail, diesel, with particle filter	CH	0	tkm tkm	0	0 1	0	0			
product product	transport, freight, rail, electricity without shunting transport, freight, rail, diesel, without particle filter	CH CH	0	tkm tkm	0 0	0 0	1 0	0 1			(2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:3); calculation based on the number of locomotives of
technosphere	locomotive	RER	1	unit	5.65E-10	5.65E-10	5.65E-10	5.65E-10	1	3.09	(2,1,1,1,3,b,UJS); calculation based on the number of locomotives of SBB in 2014, an assumed constant yearly performance of 14478000000 w/m/a and a life time of 40 years; pers. correspondence SBB, June. 2015 (2,1,1,1,3,5,BUJS); calculation based on the number of wagons of
	goods wagon	RER	1	unit	4.08E-8	4.08E-8	4.08E-8	4.08E-8	1	3.09	SBB in 2014, an assumed constant yearly performance of 1230000000 vkm/a and a life time of 40 years; pers.
	maintenance, goods wagon maintenance, locomotive	RER	1	unit unit	4.08E-8 5.65E-10	4.08E-8 5.65E-10	4.08E-8 5.65E-10	4.08E-8 5.65E-10	1	3.09	(2.1.1.1.3.5.BU:3): :
	disposal, locomotive	RER	1	unit	5.65E-10	5.65E-10	5.65E-10	5.65E-10	1	3.09	(2.1.1.1.3.5.BU:3); (2.1.1.1.3.5.BU:3); (2.1.1.1.3.5.BU:3); based on the gross ton kilometric performance on
	railway track	СН	1	ma	7.39E-5	7.39E-5	7.39E-5	7.39E-5	1	3.09	the SBB track in 2014: 72126484166Gikm and the rail track length 2385 km; pers. correspondence SBB, Dec. 2015
	operation, maintenance, railway track	СН	1	ma	7:39E-5	7.39E-5	7.39E-5	7.39E-5	1	3.09	(2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:3); based on the gross ton kilometric performance on the SBB track in 2014; 72126484166Gkm and the rail track length 2385 km; pers. correspondence SBB, Dec. 2015 (2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:3); based on the gross ton kilometric performance on
	disposal, railway track	СН	1	ma	7.39E-5	7.39E-5	7.39E-5	7.39E-5	1	3.09	the SBB track in 2014: 72126484166Glkm and the rail track length 2385 km; pers. correspondence SBB, Dec. 2015
	diesel, at regional storage	СН	0	kg	2.65E-4	1.06E-2	0	1.06E-2	1	1.21	(1,1,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); pers. correspondence SBB, Dec. 2015 (1,1,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); average electricity consumption of freight transport in CH: 5.33E-2 kWh/lkm (incl. 5.03% losses); pers.
	electricity, medium voltage, SBB, at grid	CH	0	kWh	5.33E-2	0	5.33E-2	0	1	1.21	transport in CH: 5.33E-2 kWh/lkm (incl. 5.03% losses); pers. correspondence SBB, Dec. 2015
emission soil, industrial	tron		-	kg	9.71E-9	9.71E-9	9.71E-9	9.71E-9	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Iron	-	-	kg	2.73E-8	2.73E-8	2.73E-8	2.73E-8	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
	Copper		-	kg	1.07E-10	1.07E-10	1.07E-10	1.07E-10	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
	Copper	-	-	kg	3.01E-10	3.01E-10	3.01E-10	3.01E-10	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission water, unspecified	Copper, ion		-	kg	3.02E-11	3.02E-11	3.02E-11	3.02E-11	1	3.10	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:3); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission soil, industrial	Zinc	-	-	kg	1.05E-11	1.05E-11	1.05E-11	1.05E-11	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Zinc		-	kg	2.97E-11	2.97E-11	2.97E-11	2.97E-11	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission water, unspecified	Zinc, ion	-	-	kg	2.88E-10	2.88E-10	2.88E-10	2.88E-10	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission soil, industrial	Oils, unspecified	-	-	kg	3.18E-9	3.18E-9	3.18E-9	3.18E-9	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); hydrocarbon emission assumed as oil emission into soil; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission soil, industrial	Lead	-		kg	1.78E-12	1.78E-12	1.78E-12	1.78E-12	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Lead	-	-	kg	5.02E-12	5.02E-12	5.02E-12	5.02E-12	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
	Chromium	-		kg	1.70E-11	1.70E-11	1.70E-11	1.70E-11	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
	Chromium	-		kg	4.78E-11	4.78E-11	4.78E-11	4.78E-11	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
	Manganese	-	-	kg	4.18E-11	4.18E-11	4.18E-11	4.18E-11	1	1.63	(2,3.2,1,3.5,BU:1.5); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
	Manganese	-	-	kg	1.18E-10	1.18E-10	1.18E-10	1.18E-10	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
	Antimony	-	-	kg	5.34E-12	5.34E-12	5.34E-12	5.34E-12	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
	Antimony	-	-	kg	1.51E-11	1.51E-11	1.51E-11	1.51E-11	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Heat, waste	-	-	MJ	1.92E-1	0	1.92E-1	0	1	2.13	(3,5,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); devault value; (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 6,87E-3 g/kg diesel.
	Benzene	-	-	kg	1.82E-9	7.26E-8		7.48E-8	1	3.74	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road
	Methane, fossil	-	-	kg	1.46E-8	5.81E-7		5.98E-7	1	2.31	emission factor database (3.3.2.5.5.But 1-5): emission factor of diesel: 5.50E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3.3.2.5.5.But5): emission factor of diesel: 2.49E+1 g/kg dieset,
	Carbon monoxide, fossil	-	-	kg	6.61E-6	2.63E-4		2.71E-4	1	5.86	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road
	Carbon dioxide, fossil			kg	8.34E-4	3.33E-2		3.33E-2	1	2.08	emission factor database (3.3,2,5,5,8,But:1.05); emission factor of diesel: 3.15E+3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database
	Dinitrogen monoxide		-	kg	4.01E-8	1.60E-6		1.65E-6	1	2.31	emission factor database (3.3.2.5.5, But 1-5); emission factor of deset: 1.51E-1 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3.3.2.5.5, But 1-2); emission factor of deset: 1.00E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Ammonia		-	kg	2.65E-9	1.06E-7		1.06E-7	1	2.13	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter: EMEP/EEA guidebook
	NM/OC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified origin	-	•	kg	1.10E-6	4.39E-5		4.52E-5	1	2.31	2013. 1.A.3.c. Tab. 3-3 (3.3.2.5.5.5.BU:1.5): emission factor of diesel: 4.15E+0 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; non road emission factor.
	Ethane	-	-	kg	4.06E-10	1.62E-8		1.67E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU.1.5); emission factor of deset 1.53E-3 glxg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road databases: EMPTEEA audebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU.1.5); emission factor of deset 5.11E-3 glxg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road
	Propane	-		kg	1.35E-9	5.40E-8		5.56E-8	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database: EMEP/EEA ouidebook 2013, Tab. 3-113 (3,3.2,5.5,5.8U.1.5); emission factor of desert 7.68E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road
	Butane	-	-	kg	2.03E-9	8.10E-8		8.34E-8	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-114

Tab. 3.13 Life cycle inventory data of freight rail transport in Switzerland (continued)

	Name	Location	InfrastructureProcess	Unit	transport, freight, rail, electricity with shunting	transport, freight, rail, diesel, with particle filter	transport, freight, rail, electricity without shunting	transport, freight, rail, diesel, without particle filter	UncertaintyType	tandardDeviation95%	GeneralComment
			-							S	
	Location				СН	СН	CH	CH			
	InfrastructureProcess				0	0	0	0			
	Unit				tkm	tkm	tkm	tkm			
product product	transport, freight, rail, electricity with shunting transport, freight, rail, diesel, with particle filter	CH	0	tkm tkm	0	0	0	0			
product	transport, freight, rail, electricity without shunting	CH	0	tkm	0	ò	1	ő			
product	transport, freight, rail, diesel, without particle filter	СН	0	tkm	0	0	0	1			(0.0.0.5.5.5.D) (4.5)
	Pentane	-	-	kg	8.12E-10	3.24E-8		3.34E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 3.07E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database: EMEP/EEA cuidebook 2013. Tab. 3-115 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.53E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Heptane	-		kg	4.06E-9	1.62E-7		1.67E-7	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.53E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database: EMEP/EEA ouidebook 2013. Tab. 3-116
	Benzene		-	kg	0	0		0	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 0.00E+0 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road
	Toluene	-		kg	1.35E-10	5.40E-9		5.56E-9	1	2.31	database: EMEP/EEA ouidebook 2013. Tab. 3-117 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.11E-4 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road
	m-Xylene	-		kg	1.33E-8	5.29E-7		5.45E-7	1	2.31	database: EMEP/EEA ouidebook 2013. Tab. 3-118 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.01E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road
	o-Xylene			kg	5.42E-9	2.16E-7		2.22E-7	1	2.31	database: EMEP/EEA ouidebook 2013. Tab. 3-119 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.04E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road
	Formaldehyde			kg	1.14E-7	4.54E-6		4.67E-6	1	2.31	database: EMEP/EEA outdebook 2013. Tab. 3-120 (3,32,5,5,5,BU1.15); emission factor of dieset 4.29E-1 g/kg dieset, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road
				-							database: EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab, 3-121 (3.3.2.5.5.5.BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel; 2.33E-1 q/kg diesel.
	Acetaldehyde	-	•	kg	6.19E-8	2.47E-6		2.54E-6	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-122 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.00E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Benzaldehyde	-	•	kg	1.85E-8	7.40E-7		7.62E-7	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-123 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 9.04E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Acrolein	-	•	kg	2.40E-8	9.56E-7		9.84E-7	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-124 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.86E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Styrene	-	-	kg	7.58E-9	3.02E-7		3.11E-7	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-125 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.51E+1 g/kg diesel,
	Nitrogen oxides	-	٠	kg	1.19E-5	4.76E-4		4.91E-4	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,32,5,5,5,BU1.15); emission factor of diesel: 7.10E-3 g/kg diesel,
	Particulates, > 10 um	-	-	kg	2.25E-9	7.51E-8		7.74E-7	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; own calculation with SBB tractions data and non road emission factor (BAFU 2015)
	Particulates, > 2.5 um, and < 10um	-	-	kg	2.19E-9	7.31E-8		7.55E-7	1	2.74	(3,3,2,5,5,BU:2); emission factor of diesel: 6.92E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; own calculation with SBB tractions data and non road emission factor (BAFU 2015) (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 1.68E-1 g/kg diesel,
	Particulates, < 2.5 um	-		kg	5.32E-8	1.78E-6		1.83E-5	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 1.68E-1 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; own calculation with SBB tractions data and non road emission factor (BAFU 2015)
	Sulfur dioxide	-		kg	5.30E-9	2.11E-7		2.11E-7	1	2.08	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); emission factor of diesel: 2.00E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; HBEFA 3.1., CH
	Benzo(a)pyrene	-		kg	7.94E-12	3.17E-10		3.17E-10	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 3.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	PAH, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	-		kg	8.71E-10	3.48E-8		3.48E-8	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 3.29E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1,A,2,f,ii, Tab, 3-1
	Arsenic			kg	2.65E-14	1.06E-12		1.06E-12	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-7 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook
	Selenium			kg	2.65E-12	1.06E-10		1.06E-10	1	5.86	2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (3.3.2.5.5.5,BU.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1
	Zinc			kg	2.65E-10	1.06E-8		1.06E-8	1	5.86	2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook
	Copper			kg	4.50E-10	1.80E-8		1.80E-8	1	5.86	2013, 1.Â.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.70E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook
	Nickel			kg	1.85E-11	7.40E-10		7.40E-10	1	5.86	2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 7.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook
	Chromium			kg	1.32E-11	5.28E-10		5.28E-10	1	5.86	2013. 1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook
•	Chromium VI			kg	2.65E-14	1.06E-12		1.06E-12	1	5.86	2013. 1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-7 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook
	Mercury			kg	1.40E-12	5.60E-11		5.60E-11	1	5.86	2013. 1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1 (3,3.2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.30E-6 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook
	Cadmium			kg	2.65F-12	1.06E-10		1.06F-10	1	5.86	2013. 1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-5 g/kg diesel,
	Lead			-	1.38E-11	5.50E-10		5.50E-10	1	5.86	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013. 1.A2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1 (3.3.2.5.5.5,BU.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.20E-5 g/kg diesel,
	Lead Heat waste			kg MJ	1.38E-11	5.50E-10 4.52F-1		5.50E-10 4.52F-1	1	2.08	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013. 1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-12 (3.3.2.5.5.5,BU:1.05); default value;
emission Non material											(3,3,5,5,5,5,BU:1.5); Ecological Scarcity method 2013; Frischknecht
emissions, unspecified	Noise, rail, freight train		-	tkm	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1	2.53	& Büsser Knöpfel 2013

Tab. 3.14 Life cycle inventory data of passenger train transport in Switzerland

	Name	Location	InfrastructureProcess	Unit	transport, long- distance train, SBB	transport, metropolitan train,	transport, regional	transport, average	artaintyType	Neviation95%	GeneralComment
		ğ	Infrastruci		mix	SBB mix	train, SBB mix	train, SBB mix	Uncert	StandardDe	
	Location				СН	СН	СН	СН		0)	
	InfrastructureProcess Unit				0 pkm	0 pkm	0 pkm	0 pkm			
product product product	transport, long-distance train, SBB mix transport, metropolitan train, SBB mix transport, regional train, SBB mix	CH CH	0 0 0	pkm pkm pkm	1 0 0	0 1 0	0 0 1	0			
product technosphere	transport, average train, SBB mix long-distance train	СН	0	pkm	6.84E-10	0	0	5.01E-10	1	3.05	(2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3); calculated lifespan transport performance 11139800 vkm, assuming a life time of 40 years and a constant transport performance; SBB Geschäftsbericht 2014, pers.
											communication SBB, 20.10.2015 (2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3); calculated lifespan transport performance 6117400
	long-distance train	СН	1	unit		1.20E-9	0	0	1	3.05	vkm, assuming a life time of 40 years and a constant transport performance; ZVV 2014 Geschäftsbericht (2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3); calculated lifespan transport performance 6640920
	regional train	СН	1	unit	0	0	2.70E-9	7.21E-10	1	3.05	vkm, assuming a life time of 40 years and a constant transport performance; SBB Geschäftsbericht 2014, pers. communication SBB, 20.10.2015
	disposal, long-distance train disposal, regional train	CH	1	unit	6.84E-10 0	1.20E-9 0	0 2.70E-9	5.01E-10 7.21E-10	1	3.05	(2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3); ; (2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3); ;
	maintenance, long-distance train maintenance, regional train	CH	1	unit	6.84E-10	1.20E-9 0	0 2.70E-9	5.01E-10 7.21E-10	1	3.05 3.05	(2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3); (2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3);
		СН	- 1	ma	7 98F-5	7.51E-5	1.01E-4	8.56E-5	1	3.05	(2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3); demand infrastructure per Gtkm 3.31E-8km/Gtkm;
	railway track operation, maintenance, railway track	CH			7.98E-5	7.51E-5 7.51E-5	1.01E-4 1.01E-4	8.56E-5	1	3.05	pers. communication SBB, 20.10.2015 (2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3); ;
	disposal, railway track	CH	1	ma ma	7.98E-5	7.51E-5 7.51E-5	1.01E-4	8.56E-5	1	3.05	(2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:3);;
	diesel, at regional storage	СН	0	kg	1.05E-5	2.05E-5	3.09E-5	1.59E-5	1	1.22	(2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); diesel consumption for shunting 2.03E-3 kg/vkm; SBB Geschäftsbericht 2014, pers. communication SBB,
	electricity, medium voltage, SBB, at grid	СН	0	kWh	6.42E-2	7.99E-2	1.27E-1	8.10E-2	1	1.22	14.1.2016 (2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); ; pers. Communication, SBB, Dez.2015
	refrigerant R134a, at plant	RER	0	kg	1.08E-8	3.91E-8	5.36E-8	2.22E-8	1	1.22	(2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); assumption of refrigerant consumption in CH 2.10E-6 kg/pkm; National Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report of Switzerland 2010 (Item 2F1, p. 156)
emission soil, industrial	Iron	-	-	kg	6.78E-9	1.32E-8	2.71E-8	1.22E-8	1	1.60	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:1.5);; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Iron	-	-	kg	3.56E-8	2.82E-8	3.27E-8	3.48E-8	1	5.08	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission soil, industrial	Copper	-		kg	1.89E-10	5.70E-10	1.83E-9	6.26E-10	1	1.60	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified emission water,	Copper	-	-	kg	9.90E-10	1.21E-9	2.20E-9	1.31E-9	1	5.08	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:3); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence
unspecified emission soil.	Copper, ion	-	•	kg	2.89E-11	1.78E-11	6.99E-11	3.99E-11	1	3.07	Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (3.3.1.5.1.5.BU.1.5): Data from ANABEL: Personal correspondence
industrial emission air,	Zinc			kg kg	3.54E-11 1.86E-10	2.07E-10 4.40E-10	4.74E-10 5.72E-10	1.52E-10 2.89E-10	1	1.60	Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:5); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence
unspecified emission water,	Zinc, ion			kg	2.75E-10	1.69E-10	6.60E-10	3.78E-10	1	5.08	Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:5); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence
unspecified emission soil, industrial	Oils, unspecified	-		kg	3.76E-9	3.83E-9	5.91E-9	4.33E-9	1	1.60	Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
il idustridi	Lead	-		kg	1.37E-12	4.83E-12	1.74E-11	5.64E-12	1	1.60	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Lead	-		kg	7.18E-12	1.03E-11	2.10E-11	1.09E-11	1	5.08	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission soil, industrial	Chromium	-		kg	1.19E-11	2.28E-11	4.51E-11	2.08E-11	1	1.60	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:1.5);; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Chromium	-	-	kg	6.25E-11	4.85E-11	5.44E-11	6.04E-11	1	5.08	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission soil, industrial	Manganese	-		kg	2.66E-11	4.97E-11	9.47E-11	4.47E-11	1	1.60	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:1.5); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Manganese	+	-	kg	1.39E-10	1.06E-10	1.14E-10	1.33E-10	1	5.08	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission soil, industrial	Antimony	-	-	kg	3.39E-11	6.30E-11	1.18E-10	5.64E-11	1	1.60	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:1.5); ; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
emission air, unspecified	Antimony	+	-	kg	1.78E-10	1.34E-10	1.43E-10	1.68E-10	1	5.08	(3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:5); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (3,3,1,5,1,5,BU:1,05); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence
	Heat, waste Ethane, 1.1.1.2-tetrafluoro-, HFC-134a			MJ kg	2.31E-1 1.08E-8	2.88E-1 3.91E-8	4.58E-1 5.36E-8	2.92E-1 2.22E-8	1	1.27	(3,3,1,5,1,5,6,0:1.05); Data from Avadet; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (2,3,1,1,1,5,BU:1.5); assumption of refrigerant emission in CH 2.10E- 6 kg/pkm; National Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report of Switzerland
	Benzene			kg	7.22E-11	1.41E-10	2.13E-10	1.10E-10	1	3.74	2010 (Item 2F1, p. 156) (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 6.88E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road
	Methane, fossil			kg	5.77E-10	1.13E-9	1.70E-9	8.77E-10	1	2.31	emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of desel: 5.50E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter: BAFU 2015: non road
	Carbon monoxide, fossil			kg	2.62E-7	5.12E-7	7.71E-7	3.98E-7	1	5.86	emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 2.50E+1 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road
	Carbon dioxide, fossil			kg	3.31E-5	6.46E-5	9.74E-5	5.02E-5	1	2.08	emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); emission factor of diesel: 3.15E+3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter: BAFU 2015; non mad
	Dinitrogen monoxide			kg	1.59E-9	3.10E-9	4.68E-9	2.41E-9	1	2.31	emission factor database (3.3.2,5.5,5.BU:1.5); emission factor of desek 1.51E-1 g/kg desek, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database
	Ammonia			kg	1.05E-10	2.05E-10	3.09E-10	1.59E-10	1	2.13	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.2); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.3.c. Tab. 3-3
	NM/OC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified origin		-	kg	4.36E-8	8.51E-8	1.28E-7	6.62E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.15E+0 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; non road emission factor
	Ethane			kg	1.61E-11	3.14E-11	4.74E-11	2.45E-11	1	2.31	factor (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesek: 1.53E-3 g/kg diesek, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Propane	-	-	kg	5.37E-11	1.05E-10	1.58E-10	8.15E-11	1	2.31	database; EMEPER glubebook 2013, Tab. 3-112. (3.3.2,5.5,5.BU.1.5); emission factor of desel: 5.11E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3.3.2,5.5,5.BU.1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.67E-3 g/kg diesel,
	Butane	-		kg	8.05E-11	1.57E-10	2.37E-10	1.22E-10	1	2.31	(3.3.2,5.5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of deset: 7.67E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3.3.2,5.5,5BU:1.5); emission factor of deset: 3.07E-3 g/kg diesel,
	Pentane	-	-	kg	3.22E-11	6.29E-11	9.48E-11	4.89E-11	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database: EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112
	Heptane	-	-	kg	1.61E-10	3.14E-10	4.74E-10	2.45E-10	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1,53E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Benzene	-		kg	0	0	0	0	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 0.00E+0 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Toluene	-		kg	5.37E-12	1.05E-11	1.58E-11	8.15E-12	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.11E-4 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	m-Xylene	-		kg	5.26E-10	1.03E-9	1.55E-9	7.99E-10	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.01E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	o-Xylene	-	-	kg	2.15E-10	4.19E-10	6.32E-10	3.26E-10	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of desel: 2.05E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.29E-1 g/kg diesel,
	Formaldehyde	-	·	kg	4.51E-9	8.81E-9	1.33E-8	6.85E-9	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EME/HEEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3.3.2.5.5.5.R) if 5); emission factor of disease! 2.34F-1 olde diese!
	Acetaldehyde	-		kg	2.45E-9	4.79E-9	7.22E-9	3.73E-9	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3.3.2.5.5.5.BU.1.5): emission factor of dieselt 7.00E-2 ofko diesel.
	Benzaldefyde		-	kg	7.35E-10	1.44E-9	2.16E-9	1.12E-9	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3.3.2.5.5.5.BU:1.5); emission factor of dieset: 9.05E-2 g/kg dieset.
	Acrolein	-	-	kg	9.50E-10	1.86E-9	2.80E-9	1.44E-9	1	2.31	assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Styrene	-	-	kg	3.01E-10	5.87E-10	8.85E-10	4.57E-10	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.88E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter; BAFU 2015: Non-road database: EMEP/EEA auidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112

issaming a share of 97.7% with particle filter, BAFU 2015; non consistent factor distalbases (3.3.2.5.5.5.BU.1.5); emission factor of deset. 8.486-3.95 get deset, (3.3.2.5.5.5.BU.1.5); emission factor of deset. 8.486-3.95 get deset, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter, own calculation with summing a share of 97.7% by the particle filter, own calculation with SBB tractions date of 97.7% with particle filter, own calculation with SBB tractions date and non nod emission factor (BAFU 2015). GRAZ 5.5.5.BU.2; emission factor of 686-2.787-3 gly deset, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter, own calculation with SBB tractions date and non node emission factor (BAFU 2015). GRAZ 5.5.5.BU.1.6; emission factor of deset. 2.787-3 gly deset, assuming a share of 97.7% with particle filter, own calculation with state of 97.7% with particle filter, own calculation with sta 1.32E-10 8.69E-11 1.70E-10 2.74 2.11E-9 6.21E-9 3.20E-9 3.74 3.19E-10 (3.32.55.58.U.1.69); emission factor of diesel; 2.016-1.9 big deen assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER A1. C.1. (1.32.55.58.U.3); emission factor of diesel; 2.006-2.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER PSE, adviced. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3.1 constant of a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER PSE, adviced. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3.1 constant of diesel; 3.006-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3.1 constant of diesel; 3.206-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3 constant of diesel; 3.206-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3 constant of diesel; 1.006-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3 constant of diesel; 1.006-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3 constant of diesel; 1.006-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3 constant of diesel; 1.006-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3 constant of diesel; 1.006-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3 constant of diesel; 1.006-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. FIEPER psidotect. 2013; 1.42.18.T.80.-3 constant of diesel; 1.706-5.9 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. T.006-5.0 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. T.006-5.0 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. T.006-5.0 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. T.006-5.0 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. T.006-5.0 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. T.006-5.0 big diesel, assuming a share of 977% with particle flore. T.006-5.0 big d 5.25E-11 1.59E-15 2.71E-11 (3.3.2.5.5.8.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 1.70E-9 gag gases, saturning a three of 97% with particle lifer. JREPPEER guidebook. (3.3.2.5.5.8.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 7.00E-9 galg diesel. (3.3.2.5.5.8.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 7.00E-9 galg diesel. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 7.00E-9 galg diesel. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 galg diesel. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 galg diesel. (30.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 galg diesel. (30.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 galg diesel. sassuming a three of 97.7% with particle filter. FLMEPPEER guidebook. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 galg diesel. sassuming a three of 97.7% with particle filter. FLMEPPEER guidebook. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 galg galdebook. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 galg galdebook. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 1.00E-9 galg galdebook. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 galgebook. (3.3.2.5.5.BLS), emission factor of diesel. 5.00E-9 gal 7.35E-13 1.12E-12 1.05E-13 2.05E-13 3.09E-13 1.59E-13 1 07F-12 1.61E-12 8.29E-13 1 2 92F-4 4.59F-4

Tab. 3.14 Life cycle inventory data of passenger train transport in Switzerland (continued)

4 Rail Transport in Neighbour Countries

4.1 Key Figures

Data on the rail transport and rail system in neighbour countries are limited. Some data of rail transport operators covering the year 2011/2012 are published in the current UIC Statistic (2012) (Tab. 4.1). However, UIC Statistic (2012) covers only data of some rail transport operators of the different countries. For Austria data of the ÖBB and GKB, for Germany data of the DB, for France data of the RFF and for Italy data of the FS are included in the statistic. As the availability of the data is limited the data covered in the UIC Statistic (2012) are assumed to be representative for the rail transport service in the different countries. For the freight transport an average process of Europe was compiled using the sum of the transport performance, kilometric performance, energy consumption of the freight transport in Switzerland and the neighbour countries assuming that these countries are representative for the European train transport.

Tab. 4.1 Key figures of the train transport performance in neighbour countries approximated by data of the UIC statistic (UIC 2012)

	Unit	Austria	Germany	France	Italy
Gross transport performance passenger transport	Mio Gtkm/a	27'611	166'945	150'499	75'327
Gross transport performance freight transport	Mio Gtkm/a	36'301	218'268	48'165	39'674
Passenger transport performance	Mio pkm/a	10'346	80'210	85'634	37'489
Freight transport performance	Mio tkm/a	17'753	105'894	24'985	12'757
Average number passengers ¹⁾	р	107	125	208	166
Average load ¹⁾	t	522	521	577	380

¹⁾own calculation

4.2 Traction Energy

In the neighbour countries Austria, Germany, France and Italy both traction by electricity and by diesel locomotives is used for passenger and goods transportation.

In Tab. 4.2 and Tab. 4.3 the share of diesel and electricity transportation as well as the consumption per pkm and tkm is summarized. The electricity loss of the rail transport in France, Austria and Germany is assumed to be similar to Switzerland with about 5.0 % whereas for Italy a higher loss of 7 % is assumed 10. The Italian railway uses direct current (DC) electricity, which leads to higher losses (additional transformation) compared to alternate current (AC) electricity.

The share of diesel traction varies between 0 % (goods, France) and 13 % (passenger, Germany). Generally, the share of electric traction is higher with goods compared to passengers.

Tab. 4.2 Passenger transport: the diesel and electricity consumption of the traction in Austria, Germany, France, Italy (UIC 2012)

	Electric traction		Share of	Share of diesel
Country	including losses	Diesel traction	electric traction	traction
	kWh/pkm	kg/pkm	%	%
Austria	0.0915	0.0020	91.6%	8.4%
Germany	0.0828	0.0028	87.8%	12.2%
France	0.0713	0.0014	92.5%	7.5%
Italy	0.0910	0.0014	93.8%	6.2%

Personal communication Matthias Tuchschmid, SBB, 28.1.2016

Share of Share of diesel Electric traction including losses Diesel traction Country electric traction traction kWh/tkm kg/tkm % % Austria 0.0007 92.8% 7.2% 0.0394 Germany 0.0275 0.0010 86.9% 13.1% 0.0785 0.0000 0.0% France 100.0% 0.0446 0.0002 97.8% Italy 2.2%

Tab. 4.3 Goods transport: The diesel and electricity consumption of rail traction in Austria, Germany, France, Italy (UIC 2012)

For freight transport also transport processes using only electricity are compiled. The electricity demand for these transport processes was calculated by dividing the electricity consumption by the share of the transport performance of the electricity traction.

4.3 Airborne Emissions

4.3.1 Emission from Diesel

Emission factors of Swiss diesel locomotives are used to model emissions of Austrian, German, French and Italian diesel locomotives (see Section 3.4.2). Diesel locomotives operated in the neighbour countries are assumed not to be equipped with a particle filter. No additional inquiries on this aspect were performed since the last update of these data. Thus this assumption may not be fully representative for the current situation in Austria, Germany, France and Italy.

4.3.2 Abrasion Emissions and Refrigerants Emissions

No country-specific data on abrasion emissions and refrigerants emissions of railway transports are available. Therefore the abrasion emission factors per gross transport performance (Gkm) of Switzerland are applied (see subchapter 3.3) and multiplied by the ratio Gtkm/pkm or Gtkm/tkm transported in the different trains. For passenger transport a long distance train is assumed.

The determination of the specific refrigerant emission for each country is based on the emission factor per kilometric performance of a long distance train in Switzerland and divided by the number of people in the train of each country (see Tab. 4.1).

Tab. 4.4 Specific refrigerant emission of passenger transport in neighbour countries

Emission per kilometric performance of a long distance train (CH)	kg/vkm	2.0976E-06
Passenger transport Austria	kg/pkm	1.96244E-08
Passenger transport Germany	kg/pkm	1.67693E-08
Passenger transport France	kg/pkm	1.00976E-08
Passenger transport Italy	kg/pkm	1.2636E-08

4.4 Diesel Consumption and Emissions of Shunting Processes

The diesel consumption for shunting processes of passenger and goods transport in the neighbour countries is calculated based on the diesel consumption for shunting processes in Switzerland per kilometric performance and divided by the number of people or the transported tonnage, see subchapter 3.4.

4.5 Demand of Rail Transport Equipment

4.5.1 Goods Transport

The demand of rail transport equipment is calculated based on the demand of locomotives and wagons per kilometric performance in Switzerland and divided by the transported tonnage of each train.

Tab. 4.5 Demand of locomotive and wagon per vkm

Number of locomotives SBB ¹⁾	unit	327
Life time ²⁾	a	40
Good kilometric transport performance of SBB in (2014) ²⁾	vkm	3.36E+07
Share of locomotive per performed vkm	unit/vkm	2.43E-07
Number of wagon SBB ³⁾	unit	20'071
Life time ²⁾	a	40
Good kilometric transport performance in Switzerland ⁴⁾	vkm	2.41E+08
Share of wagon per performed vkm	unit/vkm	2.08E-06

¹⁾ Zahlen und Fakten, SBB, 2014

4.5.2 Passenger Transport

The passenger transport in neighbour countries is assumed to be provided by a long distance train. The demand of trains per pkm for the different countries is summarized in Tab. 4.6.

Tab. 4.6 The demand of passenger train per pkm for passenger transport on Austria, Germany, France and Italy

		Austria	Germany	France	Italy
Transport performance	Mio. pkm	10'346	80'210	85'634	37'489
Train performance	1000 vkm	96'794	641'245	412'233	225'836
People in the train	#	107	125	208	166
Yearly performance of a long distance passenger train (CH)	Mio. vkm	11.14	11.14	11.14	11.14
Share of train per performed pkm	unit/pkm	7.56E-10	5.89E-10	4.98E-10	4.52E-10

4.5.3 Rail Track

The specific demand of rail track per Gtkm of the Swiss railway system is used (see Section 3.5.3) because no country specific data are available. Specific ratios of "gross

²⁾ ecoinvent report 14

³⁾ estimation calculated by Stefan Weigel, SBB, 27.6.2016

⁴⁾ Data of the SBB corporate statistics (internal Access database), provided by Stefan Weigel, SBB, 27.6.2016

tonne/carried goods" and "gross tonne/carried passenger" representative of the national railway companies were applied, based on data of traffic (gtkm) and transport (tkm) performance published by UIC (UIC 2012). The specific demand of railway track per tkm and pkm representative for the railway transportation in the four European countries are presented in Tab. 4.7.

Tab. 4.7 The specific demand of rail track for passenger and freight transport in Austria, Germany, France and Italy

		Austria	Germany	France	Italy
Rail track per total transport performance (CH)	km/Gtkm	3.3E-08	3.3E-08	3.3E-08	3.3E-08
ratio gross tonne/carried goods	Gtkm/tkm	2.04	2.06	1.93	3.11
ratio gross tonne/carried person regional train	Gtkm/p	2.67	2.08	1.76	2.01
specific rail track demand per tkm	m*a/tkm	6.8E-08	6.8E-08	6.4E-08	1.0E-07
specific rail track demand per pkm regional train	m*a/pkm	8.8E-05	6.9E-05	5.8E-05	6.6E-05

4.6 Life Cycle Inventories

Tab. 4.8 Life cycle inventory data of freight rail transport in the neighbour countries Austria, Germany, France and Italy

	Name	Location	InfrastructureProcess	Unit	transport, freight, rail	transport, freight, rail	transport, freight, rail	transport, freight, rail	UncertaintyType	StandardDeviation95%	GeneralComment
	Location				AT	п	FR	DE			
	InfrastructureProcess Unit				0 tkm	0 tkm	0 tkm	0 tkm			
product product	transport, freight, rail	AT	0	tkm tkm	1 0	0	0	0			
product	transport, freight, rail transport, freight, rail	IT FR DE	0	tkm	0	0	1	0			
product product	transport, freight, rail transport, freight, rail	RER	0	tkm tkm	0	0 0	0	0			
technosphere	locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.66E-10	6.40E-10	4.37E-10	4.67E-10	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); estimation based on the demand per vkm from CH (2.43E-7unit/vkm)) and the average load; SBB Zahlen und Fakten
											2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); estimation based on the demand per vkm from CH
	goods wagon	RER	1	unit	3.99E-9	5.49E-9	3.75E-9	4.00E-9	1	3.29	(2.08E-6unit/vkm)) and the average load; SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012
	maintenance, goods wagon	RER	1	unit	3.99E-9	5.49E-9	3.75E-9	4.00E-9	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU3); same demand as for goods wagon; SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012
	maintenance, locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.66E-10	6.40E-10	4.37E-10	4.67E-10	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU3); same demand as for locomotive; SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012
	disposal, locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.66E-10	6.40E-10	4.37E-10	4.67E-10	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for locomotive; SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012
											(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); estimation based on track demand per Gtkm for CH (3,31E-8km/Gtkm) and the specific gross transport performance
	railway track	СН	1	ma	6.76E-5	1.03E-4	6.37E-5	6.82E-5	1	3.29	per tkm (Gtkm/tkm)); SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic
	operation, maintenance, railway track	СН	1	ma	6.76E-5	1.03E-4	6.37E-5	6.82E-5	1	3.29	2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for rail track; SBB Zahlen und
	disposal, railway track	СН	1	ma	6.76E-5	1.03E-4	6.37E-5	6.82F-5	1	3.29	Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for rail track; SBB Zahlen und
	diesel, at regional storage	RER	0	kg	1.28E-3	9.71E-4	5.03E-4	1.54E-3	1	1.58	Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); specific diesel consumption of the country; UIC
	electricity, medium voltage, ÖBB, at grid	AT	0	kWh	3.94E-2				1	1.21	Statistic 2012 (1,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.04kWh/tkm, assumed
	electricity, medium voltage, railway, at grid	п	0	kWh	0.042 2	4.46E-2			1	1.21	losses 5.03%; UIC Statistic 2012 (1,1,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.04kWh/tkm, assumed
	electricity, medium voltage, railway, at grid	FR.	0	kWh		4.402-2	7.85E-2		1	1.21	losses 7%; UIC Statistic 2012 (1.1.1.1.1.5.BU:1.05): electricity consumption 0.08kWh/tkm, assumed
		DE	0	kWh			7.00E-2	2.75E-2	1		losses 7%; UIC Statistic 2012 (1,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.03kWh/tkm, assumed
	electricity, medium voltage, DB, at grid							2.75E-2		1.21	losses 7%; UIC Statistic 2012 (1,1,1,1,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.04kWh/tkm, assumed
	electricity, medium voltage, production ENTSO, at grid	ENTSO	0	kWh					1	1.21	losses 7%; UIC Statistic 2012 (3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:1.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission soil, industrial	Iron	-	-	kg	9.02E-9	1.37E-8	8.50E-9	9.09E-9	1	1.52	CH (4.41E-9unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC
- IIII											Statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Iron	-	-	kg	2.54E-8	3.86E-8	2.39E-8	2.56E-8	1	5.02	(3.3.1,3.1,1.BL/5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tim (Gkm/tkm); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Copper	-	-	kg	9.93E-11	1.51E-10	9.37E-11	9.87E-12	1	1.52	(3.3.1.3.1.1, BU.1.5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (0.00E+0unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3.3.1.3.1.1, BU.5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission air, unspecified	Copper	-	-	kg	2.80E-10	4.26E-10	2.64E-10	2.78E-11	1	5.02	(3.3,1.3,1.1,BU.3); estimation based on the emission per Gkm inon CH (0.00E+0unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3.3,1.3,1.1,BU.3); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission water, unspecified	Copper, ion	-	-	kg	2.81E-11	4.27E-11	2.65E-11	2.70E-10	1	3.02	CH (0.00E+0unit/vkml)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3.3,1,3,1,1,BU:1.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission soil, industrial emission air.	Zinc	-	-	kg	9.79E-12	1.49E-11	9.23E-12	9.87E-12	1	1.52	CH (0.00E+QuantiVkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission air, unspecified emission water.	Znc	-	-	kg	2.76E-11	4.19E-11	2.60E-11	2.78E-11	1	5.02	CH (0.00E+0.unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3.3.1,3.1.1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (0.00E+0.unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL;
emission water, unspecified emission soil,	Zinc, ion Oils, unspecified	-	-	kg	2.68E-10 2.95E-9	4.08E-10 4.49E-9	2.53E-10 2.79E-9	2.70E-10 2.98E-9	1	1.52	CFI (UJULE-YUUTIUWMTI)) and the average load, Data from Avevalut; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3,3,1,3,1,1,BU1.5); hydro carbon emissions assumed as oil emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter
industrial	Oils, urispecined		-	kg	2.90E-9	4.49E-9	2.79E-9	2.90E-9	'	1.52	Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012
	Lead	-	-	kg	1.66E-12	2.52E-12	1.56E-12	1.67E-12	1	1.52	(3.3.1,3.1,1 BU-1.5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kg/pkmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3.3.1.3.1.1 BU-5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission air, unspecified	Lead	-	-	kg	4.67E-12	7.10E-12	4.40E-12	4.70E-12	1	5.02	CH (kg/pkmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3.3.1.3.1.1.BU:1.5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission soil, industrial	Chromium	-	-	kg	1.58E-11	2.40E-11	1.49E-11	1.59E-11	1	1.52	CH (kg/pkmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3,31,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission air, unspecified emission soil.	Chromium	-	-	kg	4.44E-11	6.76E-11	4.19E-11	4.48E-11	1	5.02	CH (kg)pkmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3.3.1,3.1.1,BU1.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (Roickmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL:
industrial emission air.	Manganese	-	-	kg	3.88E-11	5.90E-11	3.66E-11	3.91E-11	1	1.52	Chi (kgiperiunizvimi) and the average load; bata from Avvalet; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (33,1,3,1,1,BU.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kolokimunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL:
unspecified emission soil,	Manganese	-	-	kg	1.09E-10	1.66E-10	1.03E-10	1.10E-10	1	5.02	Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3,3,1,3,1,1,BU.1.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kglphmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL;
industrial emission air,	Antimony			kg kg	4.96E-12 1.40E-11	7.55E-12 2.13E-11	4.68E-12	5.00E-12 1.41E-11	1	5.02	Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kg/pkmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL;
unspecified	Antmony Heat, waste			MJ	1.40E-11 1.42E-1	2.13E-11 1.61E-1	1.32E-11 2.83E-1	9.89E-2	1	1.09	Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC Statistic 2012 (2,3,1,3,1,1,BU:1.05); default value;
	Benzene	-	-	kg	9.03E-9	6.87E-9	3.56E-9	1.09E-8	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 7.08E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission
	Methane, fossil	-	-	kg	7.23E-8	5.50E-8	2.85E-8	8.71E-8	1	2.31	factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BL1,5); emission factor of diesel: 5,66E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,BL15); emission factor of diesel: 2,57E+1 g/kg diesel,
	Carbon monoxide, fossil	-	-	kg	3.28E-5	2.49E-5	1.29E-5	3.95E-5	1	5.86	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission
	Carbon dioxide, fossil	-	-	kg	4.02E-3	3.06E-3	1.58E-3	4.84E-3	1	2.08	factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BL1.05); emission factor of diesel: 3.15E+3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,BL1.15); emission factor of diesel: 1.56E-1 g/kg diesel,
	Dinitrogen monoxide	-	-	kg	1.99E-7	1.51E-7	7.83E-8	2.39E-7	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission
	Ammonia		-	kg	1.28E-8	9.71E-9	5.03E-9	1.54E-8	1	2.13	factor database (3.3.2.5.5,5,BU:1:2); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	NMVOC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified origin	-		kg	5.46E-6	4.15E-6	2.15E-6	6.57E-6	1	2.31	1.A.3.c, Tab. 3-3 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.27E+0 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; non road emission factor
											assuming no use or particle litters; non road emission factor

Tab. 4.8 Life cycle inventory data of freight rail transport in the neighbour countries Austria, Germany, France and Italy (continued)

	Name	Location	InfrastructureProcess	Unit	transport, freight, rail	transport, freight, rail	transport, freight, rail	transport, freight, rai	UncertaintyType	Standard Deviation 95%	GeneralComment
	Location				AT	п	FR	DE			
	InfrastructureProcess				.0	0	.0	.0			
product	Unit transport, freight, rail	AT	0	tkm	tkm 1	tkm 0	tkm 0	tkm 0			
product product	transport, freight, rail transport, freight, rail	IT FR	0	tkm tkm	0	1	0	0			
product product	transport, freight, rail transport, freight, rail	DE RER	0	tkm tkm	0	0	0	1			
product		KEK	U		, ,		·	-			(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.58E-3 g/kg diesel,
	Ethane	- 1	-	kg	2.01E-9	1.53E-9	7.93E-10	2.43E-9	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA ouidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-3 g/kg diesel,
	Propane	-	-	kg	6.72E-9	5.11E-9	2.64E-9	8.09E-9	1	2.31	(3.3.2,5.5,BU1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA auidebook 2013. Tab. 3-113 (3.3.2,5.5,5,BU1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.89E-3 g/kg diesel,
	Butane	-		kg	1.01E-8	7.67E-9	3.97E-9	1.21E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of classe: 7.65E-3 g/kg classe, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-114 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 3.16E-3 g/kg diesel,
	Pentane	-	•	kg	4.03E-9	3.07E-9	1.59E-9	4.85E-9	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,Bb.1.3), emission factor of deset: 3.102-3 grig deset, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA audebook 2013. Tab. 3-115 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.58E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Heptane	-	-	kg	2.01E-8	1.53E-8	7.93E-9	2.43E-8	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA audebook 2013. Tab. 3-116 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 0.00E+0 g/kg diesel,
	Benzene	-	-	kg	0	0	0	0	1	3.74	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA audebook 2013. Tab. 3-117 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-4 g/kg diesel,
	Toluene	-		kg	6.72E-10	5.11E-10	2.64E-10	8.09E-10	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-118 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.16E-2 g/kg diesel,
	m-Xylene	-	٠	kg	6.58E-8	5.01E-8	2.59E-8	7.93E-8	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA ouidebook 2013. Tab. 3-119 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.11E-2 g/kg diesel,
	o-Xylene	-	•	kg	2.69E-8	2.04E-8	1.06E-8	3.24E-8	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013. Tab. 3-120 (3.3.2.5.5.8.U.1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.42E-1 o/kg diesel.
	Formaldehyde	-	-	kg	5.64E-7	4.29E-7	2.22E-7	6.80E-7	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-121 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.41E-1 g/kg diesel,
	Acetaldehyde	-	-	kg	3.07E-7	2.34E-7	1.21E-7	3.70E-7	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA audebook 2013. Tab. 3-122 (3.3.2.5.5.5.BU:1.5): emission factor of diesel: 7.21E-2 q/kg diesel.
	Benzaldehyde	-	-	kg	9.20E-8	7.00E-8	3.62E-8	1.11E-7	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-123 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 9.31E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Acrolein	-	•	kg	1.19E-7	9.05E-8	4.68E-8	1.43E-7	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-124 (3.3.2.5.5.5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.95E-2 o/kg diesel.
	Styrene	-	•	kg	3.76E-8	2.86E-8	1.48E-8	4.53E-8	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-125 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.64E+1 g/kg diesel,
	Nitrogen oxides	-	-	kg	5.93E-5	4.51E-5	2.33E-5	7.14E-5	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.33E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Particulates, > 10 um	-		kg	9.35E-8	7.12E-8	3.68E-8	1.13E-7	1	2.31	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:2); emission factor of diesel: 7.14E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Particulates, > 2.5 um, and < 10um	-	•	kg	9.11E-8	6.94E-8	3.59E-8	1.10E-7	1	2.74	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 1.73E+0 g/kg diesel,
	Particulates, < 2.5 um	-	•	kg	2.21E-6	1.68E-6	8.72E-7	2.67E-6	1	3.74	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); emission factor of diesel: 2.00E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Sulfur dioxide Benzo(a)pyrene	-	-	kg	2.55E-8 3.83F-11	1.94E-8 2.91F-11	1.01E-8 1.51F-11	3.08E-8 4.61F-11	1	2.08	assuming no use of particle filters; HBEFA 3.1., CH (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 3.00E-5 g/kg diesel,
	PAH, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	-	•	kg ka	4.20E-9	3.20E-9	1.65E-9	4.01E-11	1	3.74	assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1,A.2,f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU3); emission factor of diesel: 3.29E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	Arsenic	-	•	kg	1.28E-13	9.71E-14	5.03E-14	1.54E-13	1	5.86	ASSUMING NO USE OF PARTICLE INTERS; EMEP/EEA GUIDEDOOK 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1 (3.3.2.5.5.5,B.U.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-7 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	Selenium			kg	1.28E-11	9.71E-12	5.03E-14	1.54E-11	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	Zinc			kg	1.28E-9	9.71E-10	5.03E-10	1.54E-9	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,B,U:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	Copper			kg	2 17F-9	1.65E-9	8 54F-10	261F-9	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,B,U:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.70E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	Nickel			kg	8.93E-11	6.80E-11	3.52E-11	1.08E-10	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 7.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	Chromium			kg	6.38E-11	4.86E-11	3.52E-11	7.69E-11	1	5.86	1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1 (3.3,2.5.5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters: EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013.
	Chromium VI	_		ka	1.28E-13	9.71E-14	5.03E-14	1.54E-13	1	5.86	1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (3.3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-7 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters: EMEP/EFA quidehook 2013
	Mercury	-		kg	6.76E-12	5.15E-12	2.66E-12	8.15E-12	1	5.86	1.A.2.f.ii. Tab, 3-1 (3.3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.30E-6 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	Cadmium			kg	1.28E-11	9.71E-12	5.03E-12	1.54E-11	1	5.86	1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1 (3.3.2,5.5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters: EMEP/EFA quidehook 2013
	Lead			kg	6.64E-11	5.05E-11	2.61E-11	8.00E-11	1	5.86	1.A.2.f.li, Tab. 3-1 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.20E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	Heat, waste			MJ	5.46E-2	4.16E-2	2.15E-2	6.58E-2	1	1.09	1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-12 (2.3.1.3.1.1.BU:1.05); default value:
emission Non				tkm	5.46E-2 1.00E+0	4.16E-2 1.00E+0	2.15E-2 1.00E+0	6.58E-2 1.00E+0	1	2.53	(3,3,5,5,5,5,BU:1.5); ; Ecological Scarcity method 2013; Frischknecht
material emissions,	Noise, rail, freight train			unm	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	,	2.53	& Büsser Knöofel 2013

Tab. 4.9 Life cycle inventory data of freight rail transport only with electricity in the neighbour countries Austria, Germany, France and Italy

	Name	Location	InfrastructureProcess	Unk	transport, freight, rail, electricity only	transport, freight, rail, electricity only	transport, freight, rail, electricity only	transport, freight, rail, electricity only	UncertaintyType	StandardDeviation99%	GeneralComment
	Location				AT	п	FR	DE			
	InfrastructureProcess Unit				0 tkm	0 tkm	0 tkm	0 tkm			
product product	transport, freight, rail, electricity only	AT IT	0	tkm tkm	1	0	0	0			
product	transport, freight, rail, electricity only transport, freight, rail, electricity only	FR	0	tkm	Ö	ò	1	0			
product product	transport, freight, rail, electricity only transport, freight, rail, electricity only	DE RER	0	tkm tkm	0	0	0	1			
technosphere	locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.66E-10	6.40E-10	4.37E-10	4.67E-10	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); estimation based on the demand per vkm from CH (2.43E-7unit/vkm)) and the average load; SBB, Zahlen und Fakten
	goods wagon	RER	1	unit	3.99E-9	5.49E-9	3.75E-9	4.00E-9	1	3.29	2014 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); estimation based on the demand per vkm from CH
		RER	1	unit	3.99E-9	5.49E-9 5.49E-9	3.75E-9 3.75E-9	4.00E-9 4.00E-9	1	3.29	(2.08E-6unit/vkm)) and the average load; SBB, Zahlen und Fakten 2014 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for goods wagon; SBB, Zahlen
	maintenance, goods wagon										und Fakten 2014 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for locomotive; SBB, Zahlen und
	maintenance, locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.66E-10	6.40E-10	4.37E-10	4.67E-10	1	3.29	Fakten 2014 (2.4.1.3.4.5.BU:3): same demand as for locomotive: SBB Zahlen und
	disposal, locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.66E-10	6.40E-10	4.37E-10	4.67E-10	1	3.29	Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (2.4.1.3.4.5.BU.3): estimation based on track demand per Gtkm for
	railway track	СН	1	ma	6.76E-5	1.03E-4	6.37E-5	6.82E-5	1	3.29	CH (3.31E-8km/Glkm) and the specific gross transport performance per tkm (Glkm/tkm)); SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic
	operation, maintenance, railway track	СН	1	ma	6.76E-5	1.03E-4	6.37E-5	6.82E-5	1	3.29	2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for rail track; SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012
	disposal, railway track	СН	1	ma	6.76E-5	1.03E-4	6.37E-5	6.82E-5	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for rail track; SBB Zahlen und
	electricity, medium voltage, ÖBB, at grid	AT	0	kWh	4.25E-2				1	1.58	Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.04kWh/tkm, assumed
	electricity, medium voltage, railway, at grid	п	0	kWh		4.56E-2			1	1.58	losses 5.03%; UIC, statistic 2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.04kWh/tkm, assumed
	electricity, medium voltage, railway, at grid	FR	0	kWh			7.85E-2		1	1.58	losses 7%; UlC, statistic 2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.07kWh/tkm, assumed
		DE	0	kWh			7.00E-2	3.16E-2	1		losses 5.03%; UIC, statistic 2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.03kWh/tkm, assumed
	electricity, medium voltage, DB, at grid							3.100-2		1.58	losses 5.03%; UIC, statistic 2012 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.04kWh/tkm; average
	electricity, medium voltage, production ENTSO, at grid	ENTSO	0	kWh					1	1.58	of AT, DE, IT and FR (33.1.3.1.1 BL/1.5): estimation based on the emission factors per
emission soil, industrial	Iron	-		kg	9.02E-9	1.37E-8	8.50E-9	9.09E-9	1	1.52	Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tkm (Glkm/km); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Iron	-	-	kg	2.54E-8	3.86E-8	2.39E-8	2.56E-8	1	5.02	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tkm (Gkm/lkm); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Ad
emission soil, industrial	Copper	-	-	kg	9.93E-11	1.51E-10	9.37E-11	1.00E-10	1	1.52	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:1.5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tkm (Glkm/lkm); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic
emission air, unspecified	Copper		-	kg	2.80E-10	4.26E-10	2.64E-10	2.82E-10	1	5.02	2012 (3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tkm (Gikm/km); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter And SBR, June 2016; IIIC statistic; 2012
emission water, unspecified	- Copper, ion	÷		kg	2.81E-11	4.27E-11	2.65E-11	2.83E-11	1	3.02	Collegion (3.3.1.3.1.1.BU.3); estimation based on the emission factors per Girm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tism (Girm/kim); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolt, SBB, June 2016, LUC statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Zinc	-		kg	9.79E-12	1.49E-11	9.23E-12	9.87E-12	1	1.52	(3.3,1.3,1,1,BU.1.5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton klometric performance per time (IGRIm/Min); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Zinc	-	-	kg	2.76E-11	4.19E-11	2.60E-11	2.78E-11	1	5.02	2012 (3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tism (Gkm/tikm); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, IUC statistic 2012
emission water, unspecified	Zinc, ion		-	kg	2.68E-10	4.08E-10	2.53E-10	2.70E-10	1	5.02	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tim (Gkm/tim); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Ad
emission soil, industrial	Oils, unspecified	-	-	kg	2.95E-9	4.49E-9	2.79E-9	2.98E-9	1	1.52	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:1.5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tkm (Glkm/tkm); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic
emission soil, industrial	Lead	-	-	kg	1.66E-12	2.52E-12	1.56E-12	1.67E-12	1	1.52	2012 (33,1,3,1,1,BU.1.5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per time (IGbm/Msm); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Lead	-	-	kg	4.67E-12	7.10E-12	4.40E-12	4.70E-12	1	5.02	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BL/5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tem (Gkm/km); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Chromium		-	kg	1.58E-11	2.40E-11	1.49E-11	1.59E-11	1	1.52	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:1.5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per time (Gikm/lkm); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Chromium	-		kg	4.44E-11	6.76E-11	4.19E-11	4.48E-11	1	5.02	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tim (Gkm/km); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Manganese	-	-	kg	3.88E-11	5.90E-11	3.66E-11	3.91E-11	1	1.52	(3.3.1,3.1.1,BL/1.5); estimation based on the emission factors per Glem of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tern (Glem/km); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Manganese	-		kg	1.09E-10	1.66E-10	1.03E-10	1.10E-10	1	5.02	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BU,5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per kim (Gikmkhim), Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Antimorry	-		kg	4.96E-12	7.55E-12	4.68E-12	5.00E-12	1	1.52	(3.3,1.3,1,1,BL1-5); estimation based on the emission factors per Glem of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross to no kilometric performance per thm (Gikm/l/km); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Antimony	-	-	kg	1.40E-11	2.13E-11	1.32E-11	1.41E-11	1	5.02	(3,3,1,3,1,1,BU:5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tim (Gikm/km); Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016, UIC statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Heat, waste	-	-	MJ	1.53E-1	1.64E-1	2.83E-1	1.14E-1	1	1.09	(2,3,1,3,1,1,BU:1.05); default value;
emission Non	Noise, rail, freight train	-	-	tkm	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1	2.53	(3,3,5,5,5,5,BU:1.5); ; Ecological Scarcity method 2013; Frischknecht & Büsser Knöpfel 2013

Tab. 4.10 Life cycle inventory of freight rail transport (with diesel and electricity) and only with electricity in Europe

	Name Location	Location	Infrastructure Process	Unit	transport, freight, rail, electricity only	transport, freight, rail	UncertaintyType	Standard Deviation 95%	GeneralComment
	InfrastructureProcess				0 tkm	RER 0 tkm			
product product	transport, freight, rail, electricity only transport, freight, rail	RER RER	0	tkm tkm	1 0	0 1			
technosphere	locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.81E-10	4.81E-10	1	3.33	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); average of the freight transport in AT (10%), IT (7%), FR (15%), DE (62%) and CH (5%); SBB Zahlen und Fakten
tecinospileie									2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); average of the freight transport in AT (10%), IT
	goods wagon	RER	1	unit	4.12E-9	4.12E-9	1	3.33	(7%), FR (15%), DE (62%) and CH (5%); SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for goods wagon; SBB Zahlen
	maintenance, goods wagon	RER	1	unit	4.12E-9	4.12E-9	1	3.33	und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (4.4.1,3.4.5,BU3); same demand as for locomotive; SBB Zahlen und
	maintenance, locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.81E-10	4.81E-10	1	3.33	Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (4.4.1,3.4.5,BU:3); same demand as for locomotive; SBB Zahlen und
	disposal, locomotive	RER	1	unit	4.81E-10	4.81E-10	1	3.33	Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012 (4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); estimation based on track demand per Gtkm for
	railway track	СН	1	ma	7.03E-5	7.03E-5	1	3.33	CH (3.31E-8km/Gtkm) and the specific gross transport performance per tkm (Gtkm/tkm)); SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012
	operation, maintenance, railway track	СН	1	ma	7.03E-5	7.03E-5	1	3.33	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for rail track; SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014, UIC Statistic 2012
	disposal, railway track	СН	1	ma	7.03E-5	7.03E-5	1	3.33	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); same demand as for rail track; SBB Zahlen und Fakten 2014. UIC Statistic 2012
	diesel, at regional storage	RER	0	kg		1.27E-3	1	1.64	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); diesel consumption in AT, DE, IT for freight transport; UIC Statistic 2012
	electricity, medium voltage, production ENTSO, at grid	ENTSO	0	kWh	3.71E-2	3.60E-2	1	1.64	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.04kWh/tkm, assumed losses 5.03%; UIC Statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Iron			kg	9.38E-9	9.38E-9	1	1.89	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (4.41E-9unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	kon		-	kg	2.64E-8	2.64E-8	1	5.38	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU.5); estimation based on the emission factors per Gkm of freight transport in Switzerland and specific gross ton kilometric performance per tim (Gikm/kilom); Dealt from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Copper	-	-	kg	1.03E-10	1.03E-10	1	1.89	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (0.00E+0.unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Copper		-	kg	2.91E-10	2.91E-10	1	5.38	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (0.00E+0unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission water, unspecified	Copper, ion			kg	2.92E-11	2.92E-11	1	3.33	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (0.00E+0unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Zinc			kg	1.02E-11	1.02E-11	1	1.89	(4.4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (0.00E+0.unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Zinc -	-	-	kg	2.87E-11	2.87E-11	1	5.38	(4.4,1.3.4,5,BU.5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (0.00E+0unit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission water, unspecified	Zinc, ion		-	kg	2.79E-10	2.79E-10	1	5.38	(4.4,1.3,4,5,BU.5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (0.00E+0unit/vkm)) and the average loat; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Oils, unspecified		-	kg	3.07E-9	3.07E-9	1	1.89	(4,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); hydro carbon emissions assumed as oil emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
	Lead		-	kg	1.72E-12	1.72E-12	1	1.89	(4.4,1.3,4,5,BU1.1.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kg/pkmunit/k/m)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Lead -		-	kg	4.85E-12	4.85E-12	1	5.38	(4.4.1.3.4,5,BU.5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kg/pkmunit/km)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Chromium		-	kg	1.64E-11	1.64E-11	1	1.89	(4.4.1.3.4.5,BUT.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kg)pkm.mik/km)) and the average lead; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012 (4.4.1.3.4.5,BUTS): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission air, unspecified	Chromium		-	kg	4.62E-11	4.62E-11	1	5.38	CH (kg/pkmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Manganese 		-	kg	4.04E-11	4.04E-11	1	1.89	(4.4.1.3.4,5.BU.f.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kg/pkmunit/k/m)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission air, unspecified	Manganese		-	kg	1.14E-10	1.14E-10	1	5.38	(4.4.1.3.4,5.BU.5): estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kg/pkmunit/k/m)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
emission soil, industrial	Antimorry		-	kg	5.17E-12	5.17E-12	1	1.89	(4.4.1.3.4.5,BU.f.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from CH (kg)pkmnth/kmn)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012 (4.4.1.3.4.5,BU.5); estimation based on the emission per Gkm from
emission air, unspecified	Antimony	-	-	kg	1.46E-11	1.46E-11	1	5.38	CH (kg/pkmunit/vkm)) and the average load; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016; UIC Statistic 2012
	Heat, waste	-	-	MJ	1.34E-1	1.30E-1	1	2.12	Statistic 2012 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); default value; (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission ractor or dieser, 7.00E-3 g/kg dieser,
	Benzene	-	-	kg		9.00E-9	1	3.78	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission (#352,533,500 r.s), emission raction or deser, 3.00=-2 grag dieser,
	Methane, fossil	-		kg		7.20E-8	1	2.34	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission (4;3;2;5;3;3;3;0;0), emission ractor or dieser. 2:57=+1 grag dieser,
	Carbon monoxide, fossil	-	-	kg		3.26E-5	1	5.90	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission (പ്രോഗ്രദ്യാട്ട് 800 വാം), emission actor or dieser. പാല+ 3 grkg dieser,
	Carbon dioxide, fossil		-	kg		4.00E-3	1	2.12	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database.

Tab. 4.10 Life cycle inventory of freight rail transport (with diesel and electricity) and only with electricity in Europe (continued)

	Name	Location	InfrastructureProcess	Unit	transport, freight, rail, electricity only	transport, freight, rail	UncertaintyType	Standard Deviation 95%	GeneralComment
	Location InfrastructureProcess				RER 0	RER 0			
	Unit				tkm	tkm			
product product	transport, freight, rail, electricity only transport, freight, rail	RER RER	0	tkm tkm	1 0	0 1			
	Dinitrogen monoxide			kg		1.98E-7	1	2.34	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.56E-1 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission
	Ammonia			kg		1.27E-8		2.16	factor database (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.2); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	NM/OC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified origin			kg		5.43E-6		2.34	1.A.3.c, Tab. 3-3 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.27E+0 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; non road emission factor
	Ethane			kg		2.01E-9	1	2.34	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.58E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
	Propane		-	kg		6.69E-9	1	2.34	EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (4,3,2,5,5,8,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-113
	Butane		-	kg		1.00E-8	1	2.34	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.89E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-114
	Pentane	-	-	kg		4.01E-9	1	2.34	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 3.16E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-115
	Heptane			kg		2.01E-8	1	2.34	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.58E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-116
	Benzene		-	kg		0	1	3.78	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 0.00E+0 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-117
	Toluene		-	kg		6.69E-10	1	2.34	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-4 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-118
	m-Xylene	-	-	kg		6.56E-8	1	2.34	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.16E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-119 (4,3,2,5,5,BU1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.11E-2 g/kg diesel,
	o-Xylene	•	-	kg		2.68E-8	1	2.34	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-120 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.42E-1 g/kg diesel,
	Formaldehyde	•	-	kg		5.62E-7	1	2.34	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-121 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.41E-1 g/kg diesel,
	Acetaldehyde		-	kg		3.06E-7	1	2.34	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-122 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.21E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Benzaldehyde	•	-	kg		9.16E-8		2.34	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-123 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 9.31E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Acrolein	•	-	kg		1.18E-7		2.34	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-124 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.95E-2 g/kg diesel,
	Styrene	•	-	kg		3.75E-8 5.90E-5		2.34	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-125 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.64E+1 g/kg diesel,
	Nitrogen oxides Particulates, > 10 um			kg kg		9.32E-8		2.34	assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU.1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.33E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission
	Particulates, > 2.5 um, and < 10um			kg		9.08E-8		2.77	factor database (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:2); emission factor of diesel: 7.14E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission
	Particulates, < 2.5 um			kg		2.20E-6	1	3.78	factor database (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 1.73E+0 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; BAFU 2015: non road emission
	Sulfur dioxide			kg		2.54E-8	1	2.12	factor database (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); emission factor of diesel: 2.00E-2 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; HBEFA 3.1., CH
	Benzo(a)pyrene			kg		3.81E-11	1	3.78	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 3.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013,
	PAH, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons			kg		4.18E-9	1	3.78	1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (4.3.2,5.5,5.BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 3.29E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii. Tab. 3-1
	Arsenic		-	kg		1.27E-13	1	5.90	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-7 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Selenium		-	kg		1.27E-11	1	5.90	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Zinc		-	kg		1.27E-9	1	5.90	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Copper		-	kg		2.16E-9	1	5.90	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.70E-3 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Nickel		-	kg		8.90E-11	1	5.90	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 7.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Chromium	-	-	kg		6.36E-11	1	5.90	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.00E-5 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Chromium VI		-	kg		1.27E-13	1	5.90	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-7 g/kg diesel, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.30E-6 g/kg diesel,
	Mercury		-	kg		6.74E-12	1	5.90	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor or diesei: 5.30E-6 g/kg diesei, assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesei: 1.00E-5 g/kg diesei,
	Cadmium		-	kg		1.27E-11	1	5.90	assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.20E-5 g/kg diesel,
	Lead		-	kg		6.61E-11		5.90	assuming no use of particle filters; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-12
emission Non material emissions.	Heat, waste Noise, rail, freight train			MJ tkm	1.00E+0	5.44E-2 1.00E+0		2.12	(4,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); default value; (3,3,3,5,5,5,BU:1.5); ; Ecological Scarcity method 2013; Frischknecht & Büsser Knönfel 2013

Tab. 4.11 Life cycle inventory of passenger train transport in the neighbour countries Austria, Germany, France and Italy

Part		Name	Location	InfrastructureProcess	Unit	transport, average train	transport, average train	transport, average train	transport, average train	UncertaintyType	StandardDeviation95%	GeneralComment
Marche M												
March Marc		Unit	AT	0	-1		pkm	pkm	pkm			
March Marc	product	transport, average train	IT	0	pkm		1	0	0			
Part	product	transport, average train	DE	0	pkm	0	0	0	1		2.00	(2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:3); estimated with the yearly transport performance;
Part 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	technosphere	maintenance, long-distance train	СН	1	unit	7.56E-10	4.52E-10	4.98E-10	5.89E-10	1	3.09	UIC Statistik 2014 (2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:3); ; UIC Statistik 2014
Common information and provided and provid												(2.1.1.1.3.5,BU.3); (2.1.1.1.3.5,BU.3); (2.1.1.1.3.5,BU.3); anocared based on gross for knowneric performance per pkm (Gtkm/pkm) and the rail track demand per
		· ·										gross ton kilometric performance in Switzerland (km/Gtkm); UIC Stotietik 2014
Part		disposal, railway track	CH	- 1	ma	8.82E-5	6.64E-5	5.81E-5	6.88E-5	1	3.09	(2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:3);;
Contropolitics Control												(2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.09kWh/pkm, assumed losses 5.03%; UIC Statistik 2014, SBB pers.
Secretary Indiana relation												(2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.09kWh/pkm assumed
March Marc		electricity, medium voltage, railway, at grid	п	0	kWh		9.10E-2			1	1.31	2015
Second Color		electricity, medium voltage, railway, at grid	FR	0	kWh			7.13E-2		1	1.31	losse 5.03%; UIC Statistik 2014, SBB pers. Correspondence, Dez.
## 1966 1966		electricity, medium voltage, DB, at grid	DE	0	kWh				8.28E-2	1	1.31	(2,1,1,1,3,5,BU:1.05); electricity consumption 0.08kWh/pkm; UIC Statistik 2014, SBB pers. Correspondence, Dez. 2015
March		refrigerant R134a, at plant	RER	0	kg	1.96E-8	1.26E-8	1.01E-8	1.68E-8	1	1.31	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.05); assumption of refrigerant consumption 2.10E-6 kg/pkm; National Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report of Switzerland
Management Man		Iron			kg	7.50E-9	5.64E-9	4.94E-9	5.85E-9	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL;
Session SL Coper	emission air,	kon			kg	3.93E-8	2.96E-8	2.59E-8	3.07E-8	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal
Company Comp	emission soil, industrial	Copper	-	-	kg	2.09E-10	1.57E-10	1.37E-10	1.63E-10	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
Second Communication Com	unspecified	Copper	-	-	kg	1.09E-9	8.24E-10	7.21E-10	8.54E-10	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
Parameter 1	unspecified		-	-								correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
Second S	industrial		-	Ť								
Auto-check Column	unspecified emission water,		•	Ť								correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal
Section Sect	emission soil,	. ""		Ĵ								(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL;
Temporal Action Company Compan	industrial	Lead		-		1.51E-12		9.96E-13	1.18E-12	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL;
Chromism		Lead			kg	7.94E-12	5.98E-12	5.23E-12	6.19E-12	1	5.11	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal
American Section Sec	emission soil, industrial	Chromium	-	-	kg	1.32E-11	9.92E-12	8.67E-12	1.03E-11	1	1.63	(2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:1.5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
Marginese No. 156E-10 156E-10 126E-10 126E-10 126E-10 126E-10 156E-10 156E-1	unspecified	Chromium	-	-	kg	6.91E-11	5.20E-11	4.55E-11	5.39E-11	1	5.11	
American State	industrial	• •	-	-								Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
Authors Author	unspecified		-	Ť								correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016
Ethans 1.1.12-derniturors FEC-134a 1g 196E-8 1.26E-8 1.01E-8 1.66E-8 1.26E-8 1.01E-8 1.66E-8 1.26E-8 1	emission air,		-	-								Personal correspondence Gunter Adolf, SBB, June 2016 (2,3,2,1,3,5,BU:5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL; Personal
Heat, waste NU 3.29E-1 3.29E-1 2.98E-1 1 2.08 3.23.25.5.8.BU 1.05; enhance to the Policy, seed, 2012 or 10.08E-8 1.09E-8	unspecified			Ĵ								(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); abrasion emission; Data from ANABEL;
Berzene		Heat, waste				3.29E-1	3.28E-1	2.57E-1	2.98E-1	1	2.08	
Methane, fossi		Benzene		-	kg	1.45E-8	1.03E-8	9.99E-9	1.99E-8	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 7.08E-3 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission
Carbon monoxide, fossal		Methane, fossil			kg	1.16E-7	8.23E-8	7.99E-8	1.59E-7	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.66E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission
Carbon doxide, tosal - kg		Carbon monoxide, fossil	-	-	kg	5.26E-5	3.73E-5	3.63E-5	7.21E-5	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BUt5); emission factor of diesel: 2.57E+1 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database
Distrogen monoxide kg 3.19E-7 2.29E-7 2.20E-7 4.37E-7 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.5); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-1 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.2); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-1 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.2); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-1 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.2); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-2 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.2); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-2 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.2); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-2 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.2); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.2); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 1 2.31 (3.2.5.5.5.8.11.15); emission factor of disself ± 1.05E-3 p/kg 2.31		Carbon dioxide, fossil	-	-	kg	6.45E-3	4.58E-3	4.45E-3	8.85E-3	1	2.08	no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission
Ammoria kg 2.05E-8 1.45E-8 1.41E-8 2.81E-8 1 (3.25.5.5,0.11.2); emission factor of disself 1.05E-2.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (3.25.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (3.25.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (3.25.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (3.25.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.35.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.32.5.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.32.5.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.32.5.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.32.5.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.32.5.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.32.5.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.32.5.5.5,0.11.5); emission factor of disself 4.07E-0.07g true of particle filter is assumed, EMPLE/DIS (Non-road data EMPLE/EA guidebook 2017, Tab. 3-1 (2.32.5.5.5,0.11.5); em		Dinitrogen monoxide	-	-	kg	3.19E-7	2.26E-7	2.20E-7	4.37E-7	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.56E-1 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission
NAVOC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified origin kg 8.76E-6 6.2E-6 6.04E-6 1.20E-5 1 2.31 (3.3.25,5.5,BLI 15); emission factor of diseast 4.2TE-40 g/kg		Ammonia		-	kg	2.05E-8	1.45E-8	1.41E-8	2.81E-8	1	2.13	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.2); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.3.c, Teb. 2.2.
Ethane		NMVOC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified origin		-	kg	8.76E-6	6.21E-6	6.04E-6	1.20E-5	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.27E+0 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; non road emission factor
Propane		Ethane		-	kg	3.23E-9	2.29E-9	2.23E-9	4.43E-9	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.58E-3 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
Subsect Subs		Propane		-	kg	1.08E-8	7.64E-9	7.43E-9	1.48E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-3 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
California Cal		Butane	-		kg	1.62E-8	1.15E-8	1.11E-8	2.22E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.89E-3 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
Heptane		Pentane	-		kg	6.47E-9	4.59E-9	4.46E-9	8.87E-9	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 3.16E-3 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
Toluene - kg 1.08E-9 7.64E-10 7.43E-10 1.48E-9 1 23.25.55.8.DL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.28E-4 g/kg. m-Xylene - kg 1.06E-7 7.49E-8 7.28E-8 1.45E-7 1 231 use of particle filter is assumed, BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.55.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 1 231 use of particle filter is assumed, BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.5.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 1 231 use of particle filter is assumed, BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.5.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 1 231 use of particle filter is assumed, BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.5.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 1 231 use of particle filter is assumed, BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.5.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 1 231 use of particle filter is assumed, BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.5.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 2 2 3 1 use of particle filter is assumed, BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.5.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 2 3 1 use of particle filter is assumed, BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.5.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 2 4 2 3 1 use of particle filter is assumed. BF4/210Ts. Non-road data ENEPEEA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112 (3.2.5.5.BL1.5); emission factor of disself. 5.2EE-4 g/kg. 2 5 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		Heptane	-	-	kg	3.23E-8	2.29E-8	2.23E-8	4.43E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.58E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
m-Xylene kg 1.06E-7 7.49E-8 7.28E-8 1.4SE-7 1 (3.3,2.5,5,5,B,L1.5); emission factor of diseelt-5.16E-2 g/kg. 2.31 use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015; Non-road data EMEPINEA quidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112		Toluene		-	kg	1.08E-9	7.64E-10	7.43E-10	1.48E-9	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-4 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
		m-Xylene	-	-	kg	1.06E-7	7.49E-8	7.28E-8	1.45E-7	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.16E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
(3.2.5.5.5.8.01.15); emission factor of disease 2.11E-2 g/kg c-Xylene - kg 4.31E-8 3.06E-8 2.97E-8 5.91E-8 1 2.31 use of particle filler is assumed; BAFU 2015. Non-road data EMEPIREA quidebook 2013. Tab. 3-112		o-Xylene		-	kg	4.31E-8	3.06E-8	2.97E-8	5.91E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.11E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
(3,3,2,5,5,BU1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.42E-1 g/kg		Formaldehyde	-		kg	9.06E-7	6.42E-7	6.24E-7	1.24E-6	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.42E-1 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
(3,3,2,5,5,B,U.1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.41E-1 g/kg		Acetaldehyde	-	-	kg	4.93E-7	3.49E-7	3.40E-7	6.76E-7	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.41E-1 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;
(3,3,2,5,5,BU1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.21E-2 g/kg		Benzaldehyde		-	kg	1.48E-7	1.05E-7	1.02E-7	2.03E-7	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.21E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database;

1.32E-7 2.62E-7 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 1.73E+0 g/kg diesel, use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission 4.10E-8 2.91E-8 2.82E-8 5.62E-8 no use of particle filter is assumed; HBEFA.3.1, CH. A. (23.25.5,EMJ.2), emission factor of desei: 30.0E-5.9 kg des use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.4.2.11, fla.3-1, (33.25.5,5.8.U.3), emission factor of desei: 3.0E-5.3 kg deseive of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.4.2.11, fla.3-1, (32.35.5,8.U.3), emission factor of desei: 1.00E-7 gkg desue of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.4.2.11, fla.3-1, (32.35.5,8.U.3), emission factor of desei: 1.00E-7 gkg desue of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.4.2.11, fla.3-1, 6.15E-11 4.36E-11 8.43E-11 2.05F-13 1.45F-13 1.41F-13 2.81E-13 1.43E-10 1.02E-10 1.97E-10 1.02E-10 7.70E-12 2.05E-11 1.45E-11 1.41E-11 2.81E-11 4.18E-4 1.00E+0

Tab. 4.11 Life cycle inventory of passenger train transport in the neighbour countries Austria, Germany, France and Italy (continued)

5 Transportation with High Speed Trains in Europe

5.1 Introduction

The life cycle inventories of German, French and Italian high speed trains (ICE, TGV, and FrecceRossa) are described in this chapter. The inventories are based on information from UIC statistic and the Deutsche Bahn (DB). As the availability of data of High speed train transport is limited for abrasion emission and refrigerant emissions for an approximation some information is adopted from long-distance trains provided by Swiss Railways. For Germany the specific electricity mix of DB is applied and for Italy and France national electricity mixes are applied to cover the electricity demand of high speed trains.

5.2 Key Figures

In Tab. 5.1 the key figures of the ICE high speed train in Germany are presented. Due to limited resources and the lack of information for other high speed trains these data are used also for the French and Italian high speed trains.

Tab. 5.1 Key figures of the ICE high speed train in Germany (UIC 2012, DB 2014)

Average weight of ICE train	469	t
Number of passengers	235.5	#
Kilometric performance of ICE	105'126'000	vkm
Transport performance ICE	24'753'000'000	pkm

5.3 Traction Energy

High speed trains have a generally higher electricity demand per pkm compared to long-distance trains. Network-Rail 2009) published an electricity consumption of 0.04 kWh/seatkm resulting in an electricity consumption of 0.074 kWh/pkm using the specific load factor of high speed trains in Europe. No specific electricity consumptions for the different countries (Germany, Italy and France) are available for high speed trains therefore the same energy consumption has been used for all three countries. Electricity losses are added according to the electricity losses of average electric rail transport in the different countries. No specific information about the diesel consumption for shunting processes is available. Therefore the diesel consumption for the shunting processes are calculated based on half of the diesel consumption per vkm (2.0g/vkm) for the average long distance train in Switzerland (due to the long distance only 50% of the shunting processes are assumed for high speed trains) and divided by the number of people in the train (see Tab. 5.1). The diesel consumption per pkm of the German, French and Italian high speed train transportation is 0.0043g.

5.4 Airborne Emissions

5.4.1 Emission from Diesel

Emission factors of Swiss diesel locomotives are used to model emissions of German, French and Italian diesel locomotives (see section 3.4.2). For the use of diesel locomotives in the neighbour countries locomotives equipped with no particle filter are assumed.

5.4.2 Refrigerant Emissions

No specific emission data are available for high speed trains. Therefore the emission factors per kilometric performance (vkm) of Swiss long distance trains are applied (see Subchapter 3.3) and divided by the number of people transported in the high speed train.

5.5 Abrasion Emissions

No specific emission data are available for high speed trains. Therefore the emission factors per gross transport performance (Gtkm) of Swiss long distance trains are applied (see Subchapter 3.3) and divided by the ratio gross weight per passenger (Gt/p) of the high speed train.

5.6 Demand of Rail Transport Equipment

5.6.1 High Speed Transport

With data of the high speed train transport provided from UIC 2012 and DB 2014 the demand of high speed trains per pkm is calculated (see Tab. 5.2). This amount is used to quantify the demand of the French (TGV) and Italian (FrecceRossa) high speed trains too. For the production of the high speed train no update of the life cycle inventory was performed and the life cycle inventory data of the KBOB LCI data v2.2:2016 were used for the high speed train (KBOB et al. 2016).

Tab. 5.2 The demand of high speed train per pkm (UIC 2012, DB 2014)

Number of ICE trains of DB	253	unit
Transport performance	24'753'000'000	pkm
Life span	40	а
demand of ICE per pkm	2.56E-10	unit/pkm

5.6.2 Rail Track

The demand of track per Gtkm was calculated based on data of DB 2014. The weight the weight of the ICE train is multiplied by the kilometric performance (Tab. 5.1) The specific ratios of "gross tonne/carried passenger" are determined based on data about the traffic (Gtkm) and the transport performance (pkm) of ICE trains from the UIC Statistic and DB (see Tab. 5.3).

Tab. 5.3 Calculated traction performance and the gross weight per passenger

Traction performance ICE	4.929E+10	Gtkm
Transport performance ICE	2.475E+10	pkm
Average weight of train per passenger	1.99	Gt/p

Tab. 5.4 The specific demand of rail track for passenger transport with high speed trains (DB 2014)

Traction performance of all trains in Germany	4.65E+11	Gtkm
Length network DB	33281	km
Demand of infrastructure per pkm	1.42E-07	km/pkm

5.6.3 Life Cycle Inventory Input Data

Tab. 5.5 Life cycle inventory data of high speed passenger train transport in DE, FR, IT

	Name	Location	Infrastructure Process	Unit	transport, high speed train	transport, high speed train	transport, high speed train	UncertaintyType	StandardDeviation95%	GeneralComment
	Location				DE	FR	п			
	InfrastructureProcess Unit				0 pkm	0 pkm	0 pkm			
product	transport, high speed train	DE FR	0	pkm	1	0	0			
product product	transport, high speed train transport, high speed train	FR IT	0	pkm pkm	0	0	0 1			
technosphere	ICE	DE	1	unit	2.56E-10	2.56E-10	2.56E-10	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); assuming a constant transport performance of 97837945 pkm per year and an average life time of 40 years; Data of
technosphere										German ICE in UIC statistic, 2014
	disposal, ICE	DE	1	unit	2.56E-10	2.56E-10	2.56E-10	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); ; (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); assuming a constant year transport performance
	maintenance, ICE	DE	1	unit	2.56E-10	2.56E-10	2.56E-10	1	3.29	of 97837945 pkm per year and an average life time of 40 years; Data of German ICE in UIC statistic, 2014 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU3); assuming the length of 33281km of the German
	railway track, ICE	DE	1	ma	1.42E-4	1.42E-4	1.42E-4	1	3.29	rail track and a yearly gross transport performanc of 465248000000Gtkm/a; DB business report, 2015
	operation, maintenance, railway track, ICE disposal, railway track	DE CH	1	ma ma	1.42E-4 1.42E-4	1.42E-4 1.42E-4	1.42E-4 1.42E-4	1	3.29	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); ; (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); ;
						1.422-4	1.422-4			(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); assumed energy demand: 0.074kWh/pkm and
	electricity, medium voltage, DB, at grid	DE	0	kWh	7.77E-2			1	1.58	a loss of 5.033%; Velaro, ATOC (2009) and pers. Corrspondence SBB, Matthias Tuchschmied, 2016 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); assumed energy demand: 0.074kWh/pkm and
	electricity, medium voltage, railway, at grid	FR	0	kWh		7.77E-2		1	1.58	a loss of 5.033%; Velaro, ATOC (2009) and pers. Corrspondence SBB, Matthias Tuchschmied, 2016 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); assumed energy demand: 0.074kWh/pkm and
	electricity, medium voltage, railway, at grid diesel, at regional storage	IT RER	0	kWh kg	4.31E-6	4.31E-6	7.92E-2 4.31E-6	1	1.58	a loss of 7%; Velaro, ATOC (2009) and pers. Corrspondence SBB, Matthias Tuchschmied, 2016 (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); assuming 50% of the diesel consumption for
				-						shunting processes in Switzerland (2.0E-3kg/vkm) and an average (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.05); extrapolated from refrigerant consumption in
	refrigerant R134a, at plant	RER	0	kg	8.91E-9	8.91E-9	8.91E-9	1	1.58	CH 2.10E-6 kg/vkm;
emission soil, industrial	Iron	-	-	kg	5.59E-9	5.59E-9	5.59E-9	1	1.84	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH;
emission air, unspecified	Iron	-	-	kg	2.94E-8	2.94E-8	2.94E-8	1	5.33	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH;
emission soil, industrial	Copper		-	kg	1.56E-10	1.56E-10	1.56E-10	1	1.84	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH:
emission air,	Copper			kg	8.17E-10	8.17E-10	8.17E-10	1	5.33	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
unspecified emission water,	Copper, ion			kg	2.39E-11	2.39E-11	2.39E-11	1	3.29	distance train in CH; (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:3); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
unspecified emission soil,	Zinc				2.92E-11	2.92E-11	2.92E-11	1	1.84	distance train in CH; (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
industrial emission air		-	-	kg						distance train in CH; (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
unspecified	Zinc		-	kg	1.53E-10	1.53E-10	1.53E-10	1	5.33	distance train in CH; (2.4.1.3.4.5.BU:5): extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
emission water, unspecified	Zinc, ion		-	kg	2.27E-10	2.27E-10	2.27E-10	1	5.33	distance train in CH;
emission soil, industrial	Oils, unspecified	-	-	kg	3.10E-9	3.10E-9	3.10E-9	1	1.84	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH; (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
	Lead		-	kg	1.13E-12	1.13E-12	1.13E-12	1	1.84	distance train in CH;
emission air, unspecified	Lead	-	-	kg	5.92E-12	5.92E-12	5.92E-12	1	5.33	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH;
emission soil, industrial	Chromium	-	-	kg	9.83E-12	9.83E-12	9.83E-12	1	1.84	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH:
emission air, unspecified	Chromium	-		kg	5.16E-11	5.16E-11	5.16E-11	1	5.33	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH:
emission soil,	Manganese			kg	2.19E-11	2.19E-11	2.19E-11	1	1.84	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:1.5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH:
industrial emission air,	Manganese			kg	1.15E-10	1.15E-10	1.15E-10	1	5.33	(2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
unspecified emission soil.	Antimony			-	2 79F-11	2.79E-11	2.79E-11	1	1.84	distance train in CH; (2.4.1.3.4.5.BU:1.5): extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
industrial emission air,				kg						distance train in CH; (2,4,1,3,4,5,BU:5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long-
unspecified	Antimony	- 1	-	kg	1.47E-10	1.47E-10	1.47E-10	1	5.33	distance train in CH;
	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoro-, HFC-134a	-	-	kg	8.91E-9	8.91E-9	8.91E-9	1	2.34	(2,5,1,5,5,5,BU:1.5); extrapolated from abrasion emission of long- distance train in CH;
	Heat, waste	- 1	-	MJ	2.80E-1	2.80E-1	2.85E-1	1	1.09	(2,3,1,3,1,1,BU:1.05); default value; (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 7.08E-3 g/kg diesel, no
	Benzene	-	-	kg	3.05E-11	3.05E-11	3.05E-11	1	3.74	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.66E-2 g/kg diesel, no
	Methane, fossil	-	-	kg	2.44E-10	2.44E-10	2.44E-10	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 2.57E+1 g/kg diesel, no
	Carbon monoxide, fossil	•	-	kg	1.11E-7	1.11E-7	1.11E-7	1	5.86	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); emission factor of diesel: 3.15E+3 g/kg diesel,
	Carbon dioxide, fossil	-	-	kg	1.36E-5	1.36E-5	1.36E-5	1	2.08	no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.56E-1 g/kg diesel, no
	Dinitrogen monoxide		•	kg	6.71E-10	6.71E-10	6.71E-10	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.2); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-2 g/kg diesel, no
	Ammonia	-	-	kg	4.31E-11	4.31E-11	4.31E-11	1	2.13	use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.3.c, Tab. 3-3
	NM/OC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified origin	-	•	kg	1.84E-8	1.84E-8	1.84E-8	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.27E+0 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; non road emission factor (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.58E-3 g/kg diesel, no
	Ethane	-	•	kg	6.81E-12	6.81E-12	6.81E-12	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-3 g/kg diesel, no
	Propane		-	kg	2.27E-11	2.27E-11	2.27E-11	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112

Tab. 5.5 Life cycle inventory data of high speed passenger train transport in DE, FR, IT (continued)

	Name	Location	InfrastructureProcess	Unit	transport, high speed train	transport, high speed train	transport, high speed train	UncertaintyType	StandardDeviation95%	GeneralComment
	Location				DE	FR 0	п			
	InfrastructureProcess Unit				0 pkm	pkm	0 pkm			
product product	transport, high speed train transport, high speed train	DE FR	0	pkm pkm	1 0	0 1	0			
product	transport, high speed train	П	0	pkm	0	0	1			(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.89E-3 g/kg diesel, no
	Butane	-	-	kg	3.40E-11	3.40E-11	3.40E-11	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 3.16E-3 g/kg diesel, no
	Pentane	-	-	kg	1.36E-11	1.36E-11	1.36E-11	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 1.58E-2 g/kg diesel, no
	Heptane	-	-	kg	6.81E-11	6.81E-11	6.81E-11	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.26E-4 g/kg diesel, no
	Toluene	-	-	kg	2.27E-12	2.27E-12	2.27E-12	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 5.16E-2 g/kg diesel, no
	m-Xylene	-	-	kg	2.22E-10	2.22E-10	2.22E-10	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112 (3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.11E-2 g/kg diesel, no
	o-Xylene	-	-	kg	9.08E-11	9.08E-11	9.08E-11	1	2.31	use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Formaldehyde	-	-	kg	1.91E-9	1.91E-9	1.91E-9	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.42E-1 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Acetaldehyde	-	-	kg	1.04E-9	1.04E-9	1.04E-9	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.41E-1 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Benzaldehyde	-	-	kg	3.11E-10	3.11E-10	3.11E-10	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.21E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Acrolein	-	-	kg	4.02E-10	4.02E-10	4.02E-10	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 9.31E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Styrene	-	-	kg	1.27E-10	1.27E-10	1.27E-10	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 2.95E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: Non-road database; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, Tab. 3-112
	Nitrogen oxides	-	-	kg	2.00E-7	2.00E-7	2.00E-7	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 4.64E+1 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; BAFU 2015: non road emission factor database
	Particulates, > 10 um	-		kg	3.16E-10	3.16E-10	3.16E-10	1	2.31	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.5); emission factor of diesel: 7.33E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; own calculation with SBB tractions data and non road emission factor (BAFU 2015)
	Particulates, > 2.5 um, and < 10um	-	-	kg	3.08E-10	3.08E-10	3.08E-10	1	2.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:2); emission factor of diesel: 7.14E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; own calculation with SBB tractions data and non road emission factor (BAFU 2015)
	Particulates, < 2.5 um	-	-	kg	7.48E-9	7.48E-9	7.48E-9	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 1.73E+0 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; own calculation with SBB tractions data and non road emission factor (BAFU 2015)
	Sulfur dioxide	-	-	kg	8.62E-11	8.62E-11	8.62E-11	1	2.08	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05); emission factor of diesel: 2.00E-2 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; HBEFA 3.1., CH
	Benzo(a)pyrene	-	-	kg	1.29E-13	1.29E-13	1.29E-13	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 3.00E-5 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	PAH, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	-	-	kg	1.42E-11	1.42E-11	1.42E-11	1	3.74	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:3); emission factor of diesel: 3.29E-3 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Arsenic	-	-	kg	4.31E-16	4.31E-16	4.31E-16	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-7 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Selenium	-	-	kg	4.31E-14	4.31E-14	4.31E-14	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-5 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Zinc	-		kg	4.31E-12	4.31E-12	4.31E-12	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-3 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Copper	-		kg	7.33E-12	7.33E-12	7.33E-12	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.70E-3 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Nickel	-	-	kg	3.02E-13	3.02E-13	3.02E-13	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 7.00E-5 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.Z.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Chromium	-		kg	2.16E-13	2.16E-13	2.16E-13	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.00E-5 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.Z.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Chromium VI	-		kg	4.31E-16	4.31E-16	4.31E-16	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-7 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Mercury	-	-	kg	2.29E-14	2.29E-14	2.29E-14	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 5.30E-6 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
	Cadmium	-		kg	4.31E-14	4.31E-14	4.31E-14	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,BU:5); emission factor of diesel: 1.00E-5 g/kg diesel, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1 (3.3.2.5.5.BU:5): emission factor of diesel: 5.20E-5 g/kg diesel, no
	Lead	-	-	kg	2.24E-13	2.24E-13	2.24E-13	1	5.86	(3,3,2,5,5,BUS); emission ractor or dieset: 5.20E-5 g/kg dieset, no use of particle filter is assumed; EMEP/EEA guidebook 2013, 1.A.2.f.ii, Tab. 3-1
emission Non	Heat, waste	-	-	MJ	1.85E-4	1.85E-4	1.85E-4	1	2.08	(3,3,2,5,5,5,BU:1.05);;
	Noise, rail, passenger train, average	-	-	pkm	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1.00E+0	1	2.53	(3,3,5,5,5,5,BU:1.5); ; Ecological Scarcity method 2013; Frischknecht & Büsser Knöpfel 2013

6 Electricity Mixes of the Railway Operators

6.1 Introduction

The railway operators SBB, DB and ÖBB use specific electricity mixes on their railway networks. In the following Subchapters 6.2, 6.3 and 6.4 the electricity mix used by SBB in Switzerland, by DB in Germany and by ÖBB in Austria are described in more detail.

6.2 Railway Mix of SBB

The electricity mix used by the Swiss Railways in the year 2014 consists of 96.4 % hydropower, 2.9 % nuclear power and 0.7 % new renewables funded by KEV¹¹. The electricity generated with owned hydroelectric power plants is divided in electricity produced from Swiss run-of-river power plants, Swiss reservoir power plants and French run-of-river power plants. The reservoir hydropower is modelled using the data set describing net production with reservoir hydroelectric power plants because the electricity demand of the pumps is accounted for separately in the statistics provided by the Swiss Railways. The supply pumps of reservoir power plants as well as the pumps of the pumped storage power plants of the SBB use electricity from nuclear power plants, which adds 1.3 % to the amount of electricity used by SBB.

73 % of the nuclear electricity purchased is produced by French nuclear power plants, 27 % by Swiss nuclear power plants.

0.7% of the total electricity used by the Swiss Railways stems from the production funded by the foundation KEV. This share is split in the different technologies according to the annual report of the foundation KEV (2014). The production volumes and the shares of the different technologies contributing to the electricity mix consumed by the Swiss Railways are shown in Tab. 6.1.

Tab. 6.1 Electricity funded by the foundation KEV in the year 2014 according to KEV (2014)

Founded electricity KEV	Production in 2014 (GWh)	Share
Hydropow er	766.2	46%
Photovoltaics	214.4	13%
Wind	52.6	3%
Biomass	635.9	38%

Tab. 6.2 shows the mix of the electricity production of the Swiss railways for the year 2014.

Personal communication, Fabian Scherer, SBB, per Mail, 2. November 2015

Tab. 6.2 Electricity mix used by the Swiss railways in 2014 based on data provided by the Swiss Railways 12.

Production Mix SBB	GWh (2014)	Shares (2014)
Hydropower total	2294.95	96.40%
Run-off-River CH	321.67	13.51%
Reservoir CH	1'486.17	62.43%
Run-off-River FR	487.11	20.46%
Renewables (KEV funded)	16.66	0.70%
Hydropower mix CH	7.65	0.32%
Photovoltaics	2.13	0.09%
Wind	0.53	0.02%
Biomass	6.35	0.27%
Nuclear Power	69.04	2.90%
Nuclear power CH	18.71	0.79%
Nuclear power FR	50.33	2.11%
Net production	2380.65	100.00%
Pumping energy	31.84	1.34%
Gross production	2412.50	101.34%

6.3 Railway Mix of ÖBB

The electricity mix used by the Austrian Railways for the year 2013 consists of 88.7% hydropower, 7.5% natural gas power and 3.8% new renewables (UIC 2013). The electricity generated from hydropower is divided in electricity produced from run-of-river power plants and storage type power plants according to the share of the different technologies in Austria. For the electricity production using natural gas power, a conventional power plant is assumed. The power produced with new renewables can be divided into 1.2% wind, 0.8% biomass, 0.1% photovoltaics and other renewables (1.78 %). The other renewables were modelled as electricity from municipal waste. In Tab. 6.3 the production mix of the Austrian Railway is presented.

Tab. 6.3 Electricity mix used by the Austrian railways in 2013 based on data provided by the railway statistic (UIC 2013)

	Production Mix 2013
Hydropow er	88.67%
Natural gas	7.50%
Renew ables	
Wind	1.18%
Photovoltaics	0.10%
Biomass	0.77%
Other renew ables	1.78%

Personal communication with Fabian Scherer, SBB, 9.11.2015

6.4 Railway Mix of DB

The electricity mix used by the German Railways for the year 2014 consists of 27.4% hard coal, 9.9% lignite, 16.2% nuclear power, 5.9% natural gas, 5% hydropower and 34.6% new renewables (DB 2014). The electricity generated from hydropower is divided in electricity produced from run-of-river power plants and storage type power plants according to the share of the different technologies in the country (PRIS 2011). For the electricity production using natural gas power, a conventional power plant is assumed.

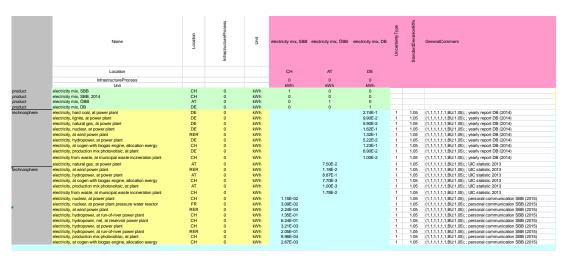
For the electricity production using nuclear power, the production using German boiling water and pressure-water power plants is distinguished according to the shares of the different technologies in the country (PRIS 2011). The power produced with new renewables can be divided into 13% wind, 12% biomass, 9% photovoltaics and 1% other renewables (modelled as electricity from municipal waste). In Tab. 6.4 the production mix of the German Railway is presented.

Tab. 6.4 Electricity mix used by the Austrian railways in 2013 based on data provided by the German Railways

	Production mix 2014
Lignit	9.90%
Hard coal	27.40%
Nuclear pow er	16.20%
Natural gas	5.90%
Wind	13%
Hydropow er	5%
Photovoltaics	9%
Biomass	12%
Others	1%

6.5 Life cycle Inventories of the Electricity Mixes

Tab. 6.5 Unit process raw data of the electricity production mixes of SBB (2014), ÖBB (2013) and DB (2014)



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